Friend of the Sea Standard

FOS-Aqua – *Seriola lalandi*– Fish Welfare Standard for the certification of Yellowtail amberjack in aquaculture



Friend of the Sea

www.friendofthesea.org

REV	DATE	REASON	APPROVED	VALIDATED	RATIFIED
1	xxx	New standard			

Valid from: xxx

Compulsory from: xxx

FOS Seriola lalandi Fish Welfare Aqua Requirements Standard Rev. 1, xxx

Foreword

Friend of the Sea is a non-governmental organisation established in 2008. Its objective is to safeguard the marine environment and its resources, encouraging a sustainable market and implementing specific conservation projects.

The Friend of the Sea certification program allows for the assessment of fisheries and aquaculture products according to sustainability criteria and requirements. The certification, granted following an audit by independent certification bodies, ensures that a product complies with the sustainability requirements.

Requirements are classified as Important, Important or Recommendations, according to their level of importance.

<u>Essential Requirements</u>: The unit of certification shall be 100% compliant with essential requirements to be recommended for certification by the Certification Body (CB). Failure to comply with essential requirements is a major non-conformity. To achieve certification, corrective actions shall be implemented within three months from the date of assessment of non-conformities. The unit of certification shall provide the CB with satisfactory evidence of correction of all major non-conformities, if necessary, with additional audits.

<u>Important Requirements</u>: Failure to comply with important requirements is a minor non-conformity. To achieve certification, the unit of certification shall first propose a corrective action plan within maximum three weeks from the date of assessment of the non-conformities - to the satisfaction of the CB. In the proposal, the unit of certification shall include the timeframe for the implementation of each corrective action, considering that all minor non-conformities must be closed before the surveillance audit. The proposal shall be analysed by the CB regarding its consistency and feasibility. If accepted, the certificate can be granted. Then, in the surveillance audit, the unit of certification shall be able to demonstrate that all minor non-conformities reported in the approved proposal were solved. If the approved proposal has not been fully implemented, the certificate is suspended until the resolution of any remaining minor non-conformities.

<u>Recommendations</u>: It is not compulsory for the unit of certification to comply with recommendations to achieve certification. Nonetheless, compliance with recommendations shall be verified during the audit and any non-conformities shall be highlighted in the audit report as a "recommendation". The unit of certification shall inform the CB, during the following audit, regarding any corrective measures implemented.

Requirements that are not applicable to the audited unit of certification will be marked with "N.A."

Description of t	the unit of	certification
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This document shall only be filled out by personnel of the CB in charge of the audit. It shall be filled out in English, if spoken fluently.

a) NAME OF THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION TO BE AUDITED:
b) NAME OF THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION THAT REQUESTED THE AUDIT:
c) IS THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION TO BE AUDITED PART OF A GROUP?
d) ADDRESS OF THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION TO BE AUDITED:
e) NAME AND CONTACTS OF THE PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE UNIT OF
CERTIFICATION TO BE AUDITED:
f) SITES TO BE AUDITED:
(please list site names and locations)

g) SITES \	/ISITED BY THE AUDITOR:
n) DESCR	IPTION OF THE AQUACULTURE SYSTEM:
	bay, offshore, extensive, intensive, basin, tank, cage, nets, etc.
	ral extension, other. If available include a map)
<i>зеодгарті</i> с	ai extension, other. If available include a map)
\ DECCDI	PTION OF BREEDING TECHNIQUES:
	of breeding techniques from broodstock, to hatching, to the finished
product)	

j) ACTIVITY OF THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION TO BE AUDITED:
□ breeding
pre-transformation
□ final transformation
□ import
□ export
□ distribution
k) DESCRIPTION OF THE FINAL PRODUCT:
(e.g.: fresh, frozen, canned, other)
I) BRANDS OF FINISHED PRODUCT:
(List of brands under which the product is sold. If available include images of the
brands)

m) DESCRIPTIO	ON AND LOCATION OF FREEZERS AND WAREHOUS	SES, IF ANY:
For product trac	eability purposes)	
n) TOTAL NUME	BER OF EMPLOYEES:	
optional		
o) ENVIRONME	NTAL CERTIFICATIONS AND AWARDS:	
-) ADDITIONAL	L INFORMATION:	
p) ADDITIONAL	. INFORMATION:	

The Friend of the Sea project was introduced (If not, the Auditor shall provide a short description)
The unit of certification were informed of the opportunity, in case of approval, of using the Friend of the Sea logo on the certified products
The unit of certification has a document qualifying and confirming the roles of the staff carrying out the audit
The duration of the Audit was agreed upon
The information included in the Preliminary Information Form (PIF) has been confirmed (in case of changes to the PIF, an updated version has to be promptly provided):

CERTIFICATION BODY:	AUDIT TEAM:	AUDIT START AND END DATE:
SIGNATURE OF AUDITOR:	NAME OF THE PERSON IN CHARGE OF THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION AND ACCOMPANYING THE	AUDIT CODE:
	AUDITOR DURING THE AUDIT:	TYPE OF AUDIT:

NOTES TO THE AUDITOR

- 1) The Auditor shall fill out all fields in the checklist.
- 2) The Auditor shall provide an explanation when requirements are not applicable.
- 3) The Auditor shall write YES when the unit of certification complies with a requirement and NO when it does not.
- 4) The Auditor shall comment and explain the positive or negative answers. Simple "YES," "NO," or "N.A." are insufficient.
- 5) Each relevant document shall be added to the final Audit Report in a separate and numbered attachment.
- 6) Photographic explanations added to the checklist or attached are appreciated.
- 7) This checklist is divided in two main sections: Hatchery and On-growing. If the checklist must be applied to only one of the two sections, the auditor must specify it in the above section p) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

HATCHERY REQUIREMENTS

1 - CAPTIVE ENVIRONMENT

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
1.1	Production units should provide	Important	There must always		
	horizontal and vertical withdrawal		be horizontal and		
	space, optimizing fish welfare		vertical empty		
	conditions regarding spatial		space.		
	constraints.				
1.2	Production units must not have sharp	Important	Absence of		
	protrusions which may be injurious		dangerous		
	to the larvae and young.		protrusions.		
1.3	Back-up power generators must	Important	Records,		
	exist, must be functional and must		documents		
	be ready to support essential		generator test.		
	equipment in case of a power failure.				
	Generators should be tested and				
	maintained weekly.				
1.4	Production units and equipment must	Important	Good overall		
	be checked for holes, faults and		condition of tanks		
	fouling. All equipment must be		and equipment.		
	maintained regularly.		e.g. hand nets.		
1.5	Optimal photoperiod for fish welfare	Important	Facility allocated		
	must be determined on a site-by-site		within the natural		
	basis, matching natural limits and		photoperiod and		
	using practical experience, research		geographical range		
	and welfare specialist advice.		of the species.		
	Subtropical photoperiod max. range:				
	14L:10D-10L:14D.				
1.6	Additional lighting either fixed or	Important	Stock inspection all		
	portable must be available, but only		times.		
	should be switched to allow				
	examination of the animals and				
	equipment.				
	I .	1			

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	1.7	Any pest control substances or	Important	There must be a		
		equipment must be enclosed in a		system of regular		
		secure location, so there is no risk of		documented		
		water contamination or accidental		monitoring these		
		access by non-target species.		baits points		
				and recording		
				results.		
İ	1.8	Structural enrichment should be	Recommended	Presence of		
		provided. If deemed impossible or		enrichment – but		
		harmful, other type of enrichment		observing Section		
		should be implemented		1.2 Captive		
		(occupational, dietary, social,		Environment.		
		sensorial).				
İ	1.9	The tanks should be located in a site	Recommended	Absence of noise,		
		protected from human induced noise.		recorded with a		
		The maximum sound pressure level		hydrophone and		
		should be under 128 dB re 1 μPa rms		analysed with		
		in the 0.1-3kHz frequency range in		appropriate		
		any point of the cage at all times.		software.		

Commentato [MP1]: Level changed based on what said during a call with some TC members.

<u> 2 – WATER</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
2.1	A contingency plan must exist to	Important	Water		
	correct water quality parameters	·	transparency,		
	when they deviate from reference		absence of		
	values.		foam, food or		
			other items in		
			the surface or		
			in		
			suspension,		
			overall good		
			water quality.		
2.2	Temperature should be verifiable at	Important	Regular		
	all times and must be between 18		records of		
	and 24° C.		temperature.		
2.3	Oxygen levels must be verifiable at	Important	Regular		
	all times and must be > 70%		records of		
	oxygen saturation.		oxygen.		

3 - ANIMAL HEALTH AND ANIMAL WELFARE

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/ N	Comments
3.1	Each site must either employ a qualified fish veterinarian or have access to one.	Important	Records, documents, contracts.		
3.2	Each site must either employ a qualified fish welfare specialist or have access to one regularly.	Important	Records, documents.		
3.3	All sites must have a documented fish health and welfare plan.	Important	Records, documents.		
3.4	The documented fish health and welfare plan must be reviewed on at least an annual basis by an experienced fish veterinary and welfare specialist.	Important	Records, documents.		

4 - FEEDING

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/ N	Comments
4.1	The farm must implement a system that ensures appropriate feed logistics (storage, transport, distribution, traceability), records, and contingency plan.	Important	Records, documents.		

4.2	The farm must ensure that	Important	Records,		
7.2		Important	documents.		
	feeding regimes are according to		documents.		
	manufacturer's guidelines, farmer				
	experience, and feeding				
	behaviour. Adjustments of				
	feeding regimes should be based				
	on fish behaviour, appetite,				
	expected biomass, and				
	minimisation of feed waste.				
4.3	Feed must be dispensed and	Important	Records,		
	spread throughout the rearing		feeding		
	space to minimise the risk of		technique and		
	over- and under-feeding and to		protocol.		
	reduce feeding competition.				
4.4	Fish must be observed at least	Important	Records,		
	once per day during feeding and		documents.		
	feeding behaviour should be				
	registered. Records must be				
	available for inspection.				
		1		1	

5 - HANDLING AND MANIPULATION PROCEDURES

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
5.1	Fish must be protected at all times from avoidable injuries, pain and stress. Farm operators must be able to demonstrate awareness at inspection.	Important	Records, documents, SOP, on-site observation, training.		
5.2	Cleaning and maintenance operations must be carried out with minimal impact on fish welfare and health.	Important	Records, documents, on-site observation, training.		

5.3	Live field movet and the	Important	Dagarda	
5.3	Live fish must only be	important	Records,	
	removed from water and		documents,	
	handled when absolutely		on-site	
	necessary. The maximum		observation,	
	emersion time without		training.	
	anesthesia is 15 seconds.			
5.4	When fish are handled,	Important	Records,	
	adequate support must be		documents,	
	given to the body: live fish		videos or on-	
	should never be held by the		site	
	gills, tail only or/and		observation.	
	thrown.			
5.5	Handling nets must be of a	Important	Net design,	
	suitable size and ideally		size and	
	knotless. They must be kept		condition.	
	clean, disinfected upon each			
	use and replaced when			
	damaged. Their design must			
	not risk injuring the fish. In			
	case other equipment apart			
	from nets is used, they			
	must be in good conditions			
	and without protrusions.			

Commentato [MP2]: Added following a stakeholder comment.

6 - VACCINATION

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Υ/	Comments
			and	N	
			information		
6.1	The use of vaccines is encouraged	Important	Records,		
	for the prevention of disease, rather		documents,		
	than relying on treatment.		SOP, on-site		
			observation.		
6.2	All vaccination procedures must be	Important	Records,		
	conducted with care and with the		documents,		
	minimum possible distress caused		SOP, on-site		
	to the fish.		observation.		

6.3	All fish must be sedated before	Important	Records,	
	being injected, unless there are		documents, on-	
	clear health and welfare reasons not		site	
	to.		observation.	
6.4	Vaccines and anesthetics must be	Important	Records,	
0.1	used according to the	important	documents, on-	
	-			
	manufacturer's data sheet, unless		site	
	otherwise specified by a vet.		observation.	
	Vaccine use must be recorded in the			
	Veterinary Health and Welfare Plan.			
6.5	There must be back-up systems and	Important	Records,	
	contingency plans in place in order		documents.	
	to deal with vaccination system			
	malfunctions and breakdowns in			
	order to safeguard the welfare of			
	the fish.			

<u> 7 - GRADING</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
7.1	Grading must be minimised	Important	Records,		
	and only be performed when		documents,		
	absolutely necessary e.g.		SOP, on-site		
	before vaccination, to avoid		observation.		
	cannibalism, before		(grading		
	slaughtering.		system).		
7.2	All grading equipment must be	Important	Records,		
	designed and maintained in order		documents,		
	to prevent damage or causing		on-site		
	stress to the fish (e.g. absence of		observation.		
	protrusions to avoid injuries, fish		(grading		
	should be kept submerged at all		system).		
	times).				
7.3	A written protocol/working	Important	Records, SOP,		
	procedure for grading must be in		documents.		
	place and carried out at all times.				

Commentato [MP3]: Added following a wise suggestion from a stakeholder)

7.4	Fish must be monitored throughout	Important	Records,	
	the operation by a designated		documents.	
	person who is responsible for			
	identifying welfare issues and			
	taking appropriate action if			
	necessary.			
7.5	If passive grading is used, the size	Important	Records,	
	and design of the grading panel		documents,	
	must be appropriate for the size of		on-site	
	must be appropriate for the size of		on-site	
	fish that are to be graded, and the		observation	
	fish that are to be graded, and the		observation	

8 - TRANSPORTATION

8.1 Transport must be planned in order to minimise possible adverse effects on fish welfare. Transport on land: max 8h. 8.2 Water quality parameters (oxygenation, ammonia levels, pH, temperature) must be monitored during transport and match with arrival tanks. A surface skimmer must be present in all transport containers. 8.3 Biosecurity and fish welfare should be considered before transporting fish populations. 8.4 All equipment that the fish rely on for life support must be constantly monitored throughout the journey. Absence of protrusions (to avoid injuries) in the equipment is requested.	
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injuries) in the equipment is	
requested.	
8.5 Water quality parameters must Important Records,	
always comply with those documents.	
described in the requirement FOS	
Aqua-inland rev 3 (requirements	
8.1.1 to 8.1.11) and FOS Aqua	
Inland-Marine Rev. 4	
(requirements 8.1.1 to 8.1.7)	
(

Commentato [MP4]: Added following a wise suggestion from a stakeholder)

8.6	Supplementary oxygen or air supply must be sufficient to last 50% longer than the anticipated length of the journey (see Section 8.1 Transportation).	Important	Records, documents.	
8.7	Excessive or rapid changes in water temperature or pH during transport must be avoided, unless there are clear health and welfare reasons to do it.	Important	Records, documents.	
8.8	Any fish that die during transportation must be separated from live fish as soon as possible after arrival. The cause of death must be determined by a competent person.	Important	Records, documents.	
8.9	Records of any deaths or injuries that occur during transportation must be kept.	Important	Records, documents.	
8.10	Contingency plans must exist for all frequent transport problems.	Important	Records, documents.	

8.11	Starvation prior to transport should	Important	Records,		
	not be longer than 50-degree days		documents.		
	and preferably just enough to				
	achieve gut clearance (see Section				
	9 Starvation).				

9 - STARVATION

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
9.1	Starvation periods must be	Important	Records,		
	justified.		documents.		
9.2	The period during which fish are	Important	Records,		
	deprived of food to achieve gut		documents, on-		
	clearance prior to certain		site		
	procedures or harvesting must be		observation.		
	appropriate and as minimal as				
	possible. Unless justified, this must				
	always be \leq 50-degree days.				
9.3	Feed withdrawal may form part of	Important	Records,		
	the response to the onset of	1portaile	documents.		
	adverse environmental conditions		a o camento		
	and in the treatment of certain				
	diseases. Veterinary and welfare				
	specialist advice should be sought				
	and appropriate, feed withdrawal				
	protocols should be included if				
	deviation periods from above.				

10 - CROWDING

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
10.1	A written procedure for fish	Important	SOP		
	crowding must be validated by a				
	welfare specialist and carried out				
	every time.				
10.2	Operators must be trained in the	Important	SOP		
10.2	appropriate crowding techniques.	Important	301		
	appropriate crowding techniques.				
10.3	The frequency and duration of	Important	Records, SOP,		
	crowding should be kept to the		videos, on-site		
	minimum and clearly justified.		observation.		
	The period for fish crowding on				
	any occasion must not exceed 1.5				
	hour for grading or treatments				
	and 2 hours for harvest.				

10.4	Operators must monitor fish	Important	Crowd intensity	
	behaviour during crowding and		scale: A simple	
	take actions if fish show signs of		fish behaviour	
	stress or damage. Surface		scale from 1-5	
	activity should never reach stage		may be used as	
	4 on the crowd intensity scale.		a guide to	
			managing acute	
			stress, i.e.:	
			1(optimum).	
			Importantly no	
			fins breaking the	
			surface of the	
			water. 2	
			(Acceptable).	
			Fins above the	
			water over a	
			small part of the	
			surface of the	
			crowd. 3	
			(Undesirable).	
			Fins and part of	
			the fish above	
			the water over	
			the whole	
			surface of the	
			crowd. Some	
			burrowing,	
			gasping and	
			vigorous activity	
			in parts of the	
			crowd. 4	
			(Unacceptable).	
			The whole	
			surface of the	
			crowd vigorously	
			burrowing,	
			gasping and	
			splashing. 5.	
			Whole surface of	
			the pen boiling	
			with violent	
			splashing.	

10.5	Oxygen levels during crowding	Important	Records,		
	must be monitored and corrective		documents,		
	action must be taken if levels fall		videos, on-site		
	below a critical point.		measurements.		
	Recommended oxygen saturation				
	> 70%.				

11 - CULLING

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
11.1	Any seriously sick or injured fish, or fish found not to be recovering, must be immediately removed and humanely killed without delay.		Records, documents.		
11.2	Fish must only be culled using overdose of anesthetic.	Important	Documents, on-site observations.		
11.3	Culling of any fish must only be conducted by suitably trained and competent people.	Important	Documents.		

12- WELFARE ASSESSMENT

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
12.1	Appropriate systems for on-site or	Important	Documents,		
	remote behavioural observations		videos, on-site		
	must be implemented: fixed or		observation of		
	mobile live cameras underwater		major		
	(preferred), live surface		behaviour		
	observations (if the previous is not		patterns:		
	possible), surface windows, or		swimming		
	others. Behavioural observations		behaviour		
	should be regularly recorded during		should be calm		
	routine procedures or any other		schooling, no		
	action which can cause stress or		panic reactions,		
	discomfort to fish, in order to		no isolated		
	identify caveats and improve		individuals, no		
	protocols.		aggression, no		
	·		abnormal		
			behaviour (see		
			points below).		
			,		
12.2	Fish must be inspected on a daily	Important	Documents,		
	basis and dead or moribund fish		videos, on-site		
	should be removed, minimising		observation.		
	handling to avoid stress to the live				
	fish within the enclosure (see				
	Section 11 Culling).				
12.3	Abnormal behaviour must be	Important	on-site		
	investigated in order to identify the		observation.		
	cause of the issue and prevent				
	reocccurence by implementing				
	effective prevention strategies.				
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12.4	Fish should be shoaling or schooling	Important	on-site	1	
12.4		Important			
	(i.e. group swimming with polarized		observation.		
	orientation)				
12.5	Aggression events should be absent	Important	on-site		
	in 5 consecutive mins of observation		observation.		
			observation.		
	(minimum).				
12.6	Abnormal vacuum or storostynical	Important	on-site		
12.0	Abnormal, vacuum or stereotypical	Important			
	behaviour should be absent in 5		observation.		
	consecutive mins of observation				
	(minimum).				
12.7	Anticipatory behaviour must be	Important	on-site		
		2porcane	observation.		
	apparent prior to feeding routines.		observation.		
12.8	If individual observation is possible	Important	on-site		
	in detail, ventilatory activity should		observation.		
	be normal (50-70 opercular beats				
	per min. (bpm)); hyperventilation				
	(>90 bpm) should be absent at all				
	times. Abnormal values must be				
	reported to the welfare specialist.				
12.9	Swimming activity should be	Important	on-site		
	regular, without major or sudden	_	observation.		
			33301 4400111		
	changes.				
L	I .		1		

12.10	Before transfer to on-growing sites,	Important	on-site		
	a sample of ca. 100 fish must be		observation		
	examined at the point of weight				
	sampling for the following				
	outcomes: a) fin damage,				
	b) opercular damage, c) eye				
	damage, d) spine or jaw				
	deformities, e) poor skin condition.				
12.11	Farmers should be aware of, and	Recommended			
	consider the use of, new technology				
	that improves the welfare of fish.				
12.12	Farmers should have access to	Recommended			
	reliable and relevant information on				
	fish welfare.				
12.13	Farmers must implement a protocol	Important	On-site		
	to perform routine monitoring and		observation		
	assessments of fish welfare status in				
	their facilities, i.e. an internal				
	evaluation based on welfare				
	indicators.				

13- STOCKING AND MORTALITY

No.	Fish stock numbers, average weight	Level Important	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
	and total biomass must be monitored weekly. Records for monitoring and documentation must be available for inspection.		documents.		
13.2	Stocking density should be monitored in relation to fish health and behaviour indicators (see Section 3 Animal Health and Welfare and Section 12 Welfare Assessment). Water quality must be monitored frequently and on demand (see Aqua-inland point 8 and Section 2 Water).	Important	Records, documents.		
13.3	Mortality must be checked daily and dead fish should be removed from the water immediately. Mortality records must be available at inspection.	Important	Monthly mortality rate >1%.		
13.4	Deviation from expected mortalities (included in the Veterinary Health Plan) must be discussed with a Veterinary and a Welfare specialist.	Important			

13.5	Records for mortality causes must	Important		
	be in place per production unit.			
	Operators must show awareness for			
	mortality causes at inspection.			
	mortancy causes at inspection.			
13.6	When unexplained mortalities	Important		
	exceed ≥0.5% per day, samples are			
	submitted for analysis by a			
	veterinarian.			
13.7	Managers must:	Important		
	a) ensure that all staff working with			
	stock are trained and competent in			
	aspects of fish husbandry and			
	welfare, relevant to their duties			
	b) ensure that staff working with			
	stock must have attended a			
	recognised fish welfare course.			
13.8	Operators must be able to	Important		
	demonstrate their proficiency in			
	procedures that have the potential			
	to cause pain or distress including,			
	handling, crowding and culling.			
13.9	Stock-keepers must be able to	Important		
	recognise indicators of poor welfare			
	in fish including abnormal			
	behaviour, physical injury and			
	symptoms of disease.			
	o,pco.no or disease.			

14- BROODSTOCK AND EGGS

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
14.1	Stocking of broodstock should match the natural sex ratio of the species (1M: 1-1.5F).	Important	Records, documents.		
14.2	Density of spawners must be kept <5kg/m³ for stocking and <3kg/m³ for spawning.	Important	Records, documents.		
14.3	Tank sizes must be > 5m³ and > 5m deep, rounded or avoiding angles and contain structural enrichment, provided that it does not hinder fish swimming activities or cleaning operations.	Important			
14.4	Environmental parameters (temperature and photoperiod) of broodstock tanks should follow the natural rhythms, variation and ranges as the original habitat.	Important	Records, documents.		
14.5	Natural spawning methods, i.e. without handling or manipulation should be implemented. In the absence of such, all handling procedures (e.g. stripping) must be performed under proven humane alternatives by a trained staff	Important	Records, documents.		

14.6	Developing eggs may be maintained	Important	Records,		
	in dim light or darkness to reduce		documents.		
	mortality and must not be handled				
	after placement for 40-45 degree				
	days (about 2 days at 19-20 ° C).				

ON-GROWING REQUIREMENTS

1 - CAPTIVE ENVIRONMENT

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
1.1	Production units should provide	Important	There must always		
	horizontal and vertical withdrawal		be horizontal and		
	space, optimising fish welfare		vertical empty		
	conditions regarding spatial		space.		
	constraints.				
1.2	Production units must not have sharp	Important	Absence of		
	protrusions which may be injurious		dangerous		
	to the fish.		protrusions.		
1.3	Production units and equipment must	Important	Good overall		
	be checked for holes, faults and		condition of nets		
	fouling. All equipment must be		and infrastructures.		
	maintained regularly and records		Records of		
	must be ready for inspection.		periodicity and		
			methods as		
			assessment.		

1.4	Farm design should be such that	Important	Water visibility,		
	inspection of all stock is possible.		ROVs, divers,		
			cameras etc.		
1.5	Optimal photoperiod for fish welfare	Important	Facility allocated		
	must be determined on a site-by-site		within the natural		
	basis, matching natural limits and		photoperiod and		
	using practical experience, research		geographical range		
	and welfare specialist advice.		of the species.		
	Subtropical photoperiod max. range:				
	14L:10D-10L:14D.				
1.6	Production units must be of adequate	Important	Depth of net-pen.		
	depth to prevent damage from				
	ultraviolet radiation (> 45 cm) or				
	shadows must be provided if				
	considered appropriate.				
1.7	Additional lighting, either fixed or	Important	Stock inspection at		
	portable, must be available, but only		all times.		
	should be switched on to allow				
	examination of the animals and				
	equipment.				
1.8	Structural enrichment should be	Recommended	Presence of		
	provided. If deemed impossible or		enrichment - but		
	harmful, other type of enrichment		observing Section		
	should be implemented		1.2 Captive		
	(occupational, dietary, social,		Environment.		
	sensorial).				
	,				
1.9	The cages should be located in a site	Recommended	Absence of noise,		
	protected from human induced noise.		recorded with a		
	The maximum sound pressure level		hydrophone and		
	should be under 128 dB re 1 µPa rms		analysed with		
	in the 0.1-3kHz frequency range in		appropriate		
	any point of the cage at all times.		software.		

Commentato [MP5]: Level changed based on what said during a call with some TC members.

2- WATER

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		

A contingency plan must exist to Important Water correct water quality parameters transparency,
7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7
when they deviate from reference absence of
values. foam, food or
other items in
the surface or
in
suspension,
overall good
water quality.
P. Temperature should be verifiable at Important Regular
all times, and must be between 18 records of
and 24° C. temperature.
Oxygen levels must be verifiable at Important Regular
all times and must be > 70% records of
oxygen saturation. oxygen.

3 - ANIMAL HEALTH AND ANIMAL WELFARE

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
3.1	Each site must either employ a qualified fish vet or have access to one.	Important	Records, documents, contracts.		
3.2	Each site must either employ a qualified fish welfare specialist or have regular access to one.		Records, documents.		
3.3	All sites must have a documented fish health and welfare plan.	Important	Records, documents.		
3.4	The documented fish health and welfare plan must be reviewed on at least an annual basis by an experienced fish veterinary and welfare specialist.	Important	Records, documents.		

4 - FEEDING

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
4.1	The farm must implement a system that ensures appropriate feed logistics (storage, transport, distribution, traceability), records, and contingency plans.	Important	Records, documents.		

4.2	The farm must ensure that	Tuonoutout	Records,	
4.2		Important	1	
	feeding regimes are carried out		documents.	
	according to manufacturer's			
	guidelines, farmer experience,			
	and feeding behaviour.			
	Adjustments to feeding regimes			
	should be based on fish			
	behaviour, appetite, expected			
	biomass, and minimisation of			
	feed waste.			
4.3	Feed must be dispensed and	Important	Records,	
	spread throughout the rearing		feeding	
	space to minimise the risk of		technique and	
	over- and under-feeding and to		protocol.	
	reduce feeding competition.			
4.4	Fish must be observed at least	Important	Records,	
	once per day during feeding and		documents.	
	feeding behaviour should be			
	registered. Records must be			
	available for inspection.			
	aranasic for hispection.			

5 - HANDLING AND MANIPULATION PROCEDURES

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
5.1	Fish must be protected at all times from avoidable injuries, pain and stress. Farm operators must be able to demonstrate	Important	Records, documents, SOP, on-site observation,		
	awareness at inspection.		training.		
5.2	Cleaning and maintenance operations must be carried out with minimal impact to fish welfare and health.	Important	Records, documents, on-site observation, training.		

5.3	Live fish must only be	Important	Records,	
0.0	removed from water and	1porcane	documents,	
	handled when absolutely		on-site	
	*			
	necessary. The maximum		observation,	
	emersion time without		training.	
	anesthesia is 15 seconds.			
	W 61 1 1 1 1			
5.4	When fish are handled,	Important	Records,	
	adequate support must be		documents,	
	given to the body: live fish		videos, on-site	
	should never be held by the		observation.	
	gills, tail only and/or			
	thrown.			
5.5	Handling nets must be of a	Important	Net design,	
	suitable size and ideally		size and	
	knotless. They must be kept		condition.	
	clean, disinfected after use			
	and replaced when			
	damaged. Their design must			
	be as to not risk injuring the			
	fish. In case other			
	equipment apart from nets			
	is used, they must be in			
	good conditions and without			
	protrusions.			
	prod usions.			

Commentato [MP6]: Added following a stakeholder comment.

6 - VACCINATION

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and	Y/N	Comments
			information		
6.1	All vaccination procedures must be conducted with care and with the minimum possible distress caused to the fish.	Important	Records, documents, SOP, on-site observation.		
6.2	All fish must be sedated before being injected, unless there are clear health and welfare reasons not to.	Important	Records, documents, on- site observation.		

6.3	Vaccines and anesthetics must be	Important	Records,	
0.0	used according to the	1portaile	documents, on-	
	3		,	
	manufacturer's data sheet, unless		site	
	otherwise specified by a vet.		observation.	
	Vaccine use must be recorded in the			
	Veterinary Health and Welfare Plan.			
6.4	There must be back-up systems and	Important	Records,	
	contingency plans in place to deal		documents.	
	with vaccination system			
	malfunctions and breakdowns in			
	order to safeguard the welfare of			
	the fish.			

7 - GRADING

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
7.1	Grading must be minimised	Important	Records,		
	and only be performed when		documents,		
	absolutely necessary e.g.		SOP, on-site		
	before vaccination, to avoid		observation		
	cannibalism, before		(grading		
	slaughtering.		system).		
7.2	All grading equipment must be	Important	Records,		
	designed and maintained in order	2111portaile	documents,		
	to prevent damage or cause stress		on-site		
	to the fish (e.g. absence of		observation		
	protrusions to avoid injuries, fish		(grading		
	should be kept submerged at all		system).		
	times).		,		
7.3	A written protocol/working	Important	Records, SOP,		
	procedure for grading must be in		documents.		
	place and carried out at all time.				
7.4	Fish must be monitored throughout	Important	Records,		
	the operation by a designated		documents.		
	person who is responsible for				
	identifying welfare issues and				
	taking appropriate action if				
	necessary.				

Commentato [MP7]: Added following a wise suggestion from a stakeholder)

7.5	If passive grading is used, the size	Important	Records,	
	and design of the grading panel		documents,	
	must be appropriate for the size of		on-site	
	fish that are to be graded, and the		observation	
	enclosure they are contained		(grading	
	within.		system).	

8 - TRANSPORTATION

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and information		
8.1	Transport must be planned in order to minimise possible adverse effects on fish welfare. Transport on land: max 8h.	Important	Records, documents.		
8.2	Water quality parameters (oxygenation, ammonia levels, pH, temperature) must be monitored during transport and match with arrival tanks. A surface skimmer must be present in all transport containers.	Important	Records, documents.		
8.3	Biosecurity and fish welfare should be considered before transporting fish populations.	Important	Records, documents.		
8.4	All equipment that the fish rely on for life support must be constantly monitored throughout the journey. Absence of protrusions (to avoid injuries) in the equipment is requested.	Important	Records, documents, on-site observation.		
8.5	Water quality parameters must always comply with those described in the requirement FOS Aqua-inland rev 3 (requirements 8.1.1 to 8.1.11) and FOS Aqua Inland-Marine Rev. 4 (requirements 8.1.1 to 8.1.7)	Important	Records, documents.		
8.6	Supplementary oxygen or air supply must be sufficient to last 50% longer than the anticipated length of the journey (see Section 8.1 Transportation).	Important	Records, documents.		

Commentato [MP8]: Added following a wise suggestion from a stakeholder

8.7	Excessive or rapid changes in	Important	Records,	
	water temperature or pH during transport must be avoided, unless there are clear health and welfare reasons to do it.		documents.	
8.8	Any fish that die during transportation must be separated from live fish as soon as possible after arrival. The cause of death must be determined by a competent person.	Important	Records, documents.	
8.9	Records of any deaths or injuries that occur during transportation must be kept.	Important	Records, documents.	
8.10	Contingency plans must exist for all frequent transport problems	Important	Records, documents.	
8.11	Starvation prior to transport should not be longer than 50-degree days and preferably just enough to achieve gut clearance (see Section 9 Starvation).	Important	Records, documents.	

9 - STARVATION

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
9.1	Starvation periods must be	Important	Records,		
	justified.		documents.		
9.2	The period during which fish are	Important	Records,		
	deprived of food to achieve gut		documents, on-		
	clearance prior to certain		site		
	procedures or harvesting must be		observation.		
	appropriate and as minimal as				
	possible. Unless justified, must				
	always be < 50-degree days.				
9.3	Feed withdrawal may form part of	Important	Records,		
	the response to the onset of		documents.		
	adverse environmental conditions				
	and in the treatment of certain				
	diseases. Veterinary and welfare				
	specialist advice should be sought				
	and appropriate feed withdrawal				
	protocols should be included if				
	deviation periods from above.				

10 - CROWDING

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
10.1	A written procedure for fish	Important	SOP		
	crowding must be validated by a				
	welfare specialist and carried out				
	every time.				
10.2	Operators must be trained in the	Important	SOP		
	appropriate crowding techniques.				
	appropriate an arrange account of a community of a				
10.3	The frequency and duration of	Important	Records, SOP,		
	crowding should be kept to the		videos,		
	minimum and clearly justified.		observation on		
	The period for fish crowding on		site.		
	any occasion must not exceed 1.5				
	hour for grading or treatments				
	and 2 hours for harvest.				

10.4	Operators must monitor fish	Important	Crowd intensity		
	behaviour during crowding and		scale: A simple		
	take actions if fish show signs of		fish behaviour		
	stress or damage. Surface		scale from 1-5		
	activity should never reach stage		may be used as		
	4 on the crowd intensity scale		a guide to		
			managing acute		
			stress, i.e.:		
			1(optimum).		
			Importantly no		
			fins breaking the		
			surface of the		
			water. 2		
			(Acceptable).		
			Fins above the		
			water over a		
			small part of the		
			surface of the		
			crowd. 3		
			(Undesirable).		
			Fins and part of		
			the fish above		
			the water over		
			the whole		
			surface of the		
			crowd. Some		
			burrowing,		
			gasping and		
			vigorous activity		
			in parts of the		
			crowd. 4		
			(Unacceptable).		
			The whole		
			surface of the		
			crowd vigorously		
			burrowing,		
			gasping and		
			splashing. 5. Whole surface of		
			the pen boiling		
			with violent		
			splashing.		
			opidaring.		
			1	1	

10.5	Oxygen levels during crowding	Important	Records,	
	must be monitored and corrective		documents,	
	action must be taken if levels fall		videos, on-site	
	below a critical point (the critical		measurements.	
	point will vary between species			
	and with environmental factors).			
	Critical level for Yellowtail			
	Amberjack: > 6 mg/L. See			
	Section 2 Water.			

11 - CULLING

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
11.1	Any seriously sick or injured fish,	Important	Records,		
	or fish found not to be recovering,		documents.		
	must be immediately removed and				
	humanely killed without delay.				
	,				
11.2	Fish must only be culled using an	Important	Documents,		
	overdose of anesthetic.		on-site		
			observation.		
11.3	Culling of any fish must only be	Important	Records,		
	conducted by suitably trained and		documents,		
	competent people.		on-site		
			observation,		
			training.		
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

12- WELFARE ASSESSMENT

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
12.1	Appropriate systems for on-site or	Important	Documents,		
	remote behavioural observations		videos, on-site		
	must be implemented: fixed or		observation of		
	mobile live cameras underwater		major		
	(preferred), live surface		behaviour		
	observations (if the previous is not		patterns:		
	possible), surface windows, or		swimming		
	others. Behavioural observations		behaviour		
	should be regularly recorded during		should be calm,		
	routine procedures or any other		schooling, no		
	action which can cause stress or		panic reactions,		
	discomfort to fish, in order to		no isolated		
	identify caveats and improve		individuals, no		
	protocols.		aggression, no		
			abnormal		
			behaviours (see		
			points below).		
12.2	Fish must be inspected on a daily	Important	Documents,		
	basis and dead or moribund fish		videos, on-site		
	should be removed, minimising		observation.		
	handling to avoid stress to the live				
	fish within the enclosure (see				
	Section 13 Culling).				
12.3	Abnormal behaviour must be	Important	On-site		
	investigated to identify the cause of		observation.		
	the issue and be prevented from				
	reoccuring by implementing				
	effective prevention strategies.				
		·			L

Fish should be shoaling or schooling (i.e. group swimming with polarized orientation)	Important	On-site observation.			
•					
Aggression events should be absent in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum).	Important	On-site observation.			
Abnormal, vacuum or stereotypical behaviours should be absent in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum).	Important	On-site observation.			
Anticipatory behaviour must appear prior to feeding routines.	Important	On-site observation.			
Swimming activity should be regular, without major or sudden changes.	Important	On-site observation.			
	in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum). Abnormal, vacuum or stereotypical behaviours should be absent in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum). Anticipatory behaviour must appear prior to feeding routines.	in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum). Abnormal, vacuum or stereotypical behaviours should be absent in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum). Anticipatory behaviour must appear prior to feeding routines. Important Important Swimming activity should be regular, without major or sudden	in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum). Abnormal, vacuum or stereotypical behaviours should be absent in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum). Anticipatory behaviour must appear prior to feeding routines. Important On-site observation. On-site observation.	in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum). Abnormal, vacuum or stereotypical behaviours should be absent in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum). Anticipatory behaviour must appear prior to feeding routines. Important On-site observation. On-site observation.	in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum). Abnormal, vacuum or stereotypical behaviours should be absent in 5 consecutive mins of observation (minimum). Anticipatory behaviour must appear prior to feeding routines. Important On-site observation. On-site observation. On-site observation.

12.9	Before transfer to on-growing sites,	Recommended		
	a sample of ca. 100 fish must be			
	examined at the point of weight			
	sampling for the following			
	outcomes: a) fin damage,			
	b) opercular damage, c) eye			
	damage, d) spine or jaw			
	deformities, e) poor skin condition.			
	acronnings, c) poor simil contains			
12.10	Farmers should be aware of, and	Recommended		
	consider, the use of new technology			
	that improves the welfare of fish.			
			0 "	
12.11	Farmers should have access to	Important	On-site	
	reliable and relevant information on		observation.	
	fish welfare.			
12.12	Farmers must implement a protocol	Important	On-site	
	to perform routine monitoring and	Important	observation.	
	assessments of fish welfare status in		observation.	
	their facilities, i.e. an internal			
	evaluation based on welfare			
	indiantaus			
	indicators.			
	indicators.			

13- STOCKING AND MORTALITY

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
13.1	Fish stock numbers, average weight and total biomass must be monitored weekly. Records for monitoring and documentation must be available for inspection.	Important	Records, documents.		
13.2	Stocking density should be monitored in relation to fish health and behaviour indicators. Limit stocking to 10 kg/m³ max. Water quality must be monitored frequently and on demand (see Aqua-inland point 8 and Section 2 Water).	Important	Records, documents.		
13.3	Mortality must be checked daily and dead fish should be removed from the production units. Mortality records must be available at inspection.	Important	Monthly mortality rate >1%.		
13.4	Deviation from expected mortalities (included in the Veterinary Health Plan) must be discussed with a Veterinary and a Welfare specialist.	Important			

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13.5	Records for mortality causes must	Important		
	be in place per production unit.			
	Operators must show awareness for			
	mortality causes at inspection.			
13.6	When unexplained mortalities	Important		
	exceed \geqslant 0.5% per day, samples are			
	submitted for analysis by a			
	veterinarian.			
13.7	Managers must:	Important		
	a) ensure that all staff working with			
	stock are trained and competent in			
	aspects of fish husbandry and			
	welfare, relevant to their duties			
	b) ensure that staff working with			
	stock must have attended a			
	recognised fish welfare course.			
13.8	Operators must be able to	Important		
	demonstrate that they received			
	training and that they are proficient			
	in procedures that have the			
	potential to cause pain or distress			
	including, handling, crowding and			
	culling.			
	cumig.			
13.9	Stock-keepers must be able to	Important		
	recognise indicators of poor welfare			
	in fish including abnormal			
	behaviour, physical injury and			
	symptoms of disease (see Section			
	, ,			
	12 Welfare Assessment).			

14- HARVESTING, STUNNING AND SLAUGHTER

No.	Harvesting can only be performed using fish pumps. The dimensions of pumps and tubes must be scaled to the operation and approved by an engineer. The maximum flow rate should be 3m/s.	Important during the transition period, after must be IMPORTANT	Parameters and information Documents, videos, on-site observation.	Y/N	Comments
14.2	The only permitted stunning and subsequent killing methods are: a) an effectively applied percussive blow, b) electronarcosis followed by bleeding, asphyxia or other slaughter method that must be applied while the fish are unconscious, c) electrocution (i.e. killing by electrical current).	Important during the transition period, after must be IMPORTANT	Documents, videos, on-site observation.		
14.3	A backup system e.g. 'priest' must be available throughout the killing process.	Important	Documents, videos, on-site observation.		
14.4	Any fish which fall to the ground during the process must be humanely killed with the main or back up system.	Important	Documents, videos, on-site observation.		

14.5	External damage such as scale loss,	Important	Documents,		
	fin erosion, predator bites, lesions		videos, on-site		
	resulting from aggression, handling		observation.		
	scares, parasite lesions and				
	deformities must be noted at				
	slaughter or upon arrival to the				
	processing station.				
	Freezeeing estates				
14.6	All staff involved with the stunning	Important	Documents,		
	and killing process must have	during the	videos, on-site		
	received full training.	_	observation.		
		transition			
		period, after			
		must be			
		IMPORTANT			
14.7	7 There must be a named person	Important	Documents,		
	responsible for fish welfare	•	videos, on-site		
	throughout the killing process. This	during the	observation.		
	person is responsible for harvest	transition			
	records including stunning and	period, after			
	slaughtering efficiency.	must be			
		IMPORTANT			
14.8	A written procedure for fish humane	Important	Documents,		
	stunning and slaughtering (see		videos, on-site		
	Section 14 - 4 Harvesting, stunning		observation.		
	and slaughter) must be in place and				
	carried out all time.				
14.9	Video recordings of harvesting,	Important	Documents,		
14.5	stunning and slaughtering must be	Important	videos, on-site		
	performed regularly (once per		observation.		
	month or every time there is any		2330.700011		
	change in protocols)				
	change in proceedis)				
1				1	

	:
The Auditor shall	also fill-in the following fields:
-	Organisation come from an aquaculture system which COMPLIES e Sea requirements.
-	Organisation come from an aquaculture system which DOES NOT end of the Sea requirements.
The Auditor found the	e following non-conformities:
MAJOR NON-CONF	ORMITIES (to be conformed to within 3 months)
Specify the points (e.	g. Hatchery 1.1, On-growing 3.1,)
	ORMITIES (to be reported within 3 weeks and conformed to within
MINOR NON-CONF	
MINOR NON-CONFO 1 year) Specify the points	