# Friend of the Sea Standard

# FOS-Aqua – *Salmo trutta* – Fish Welfare Standard for the certification of brown trout in aquaculture



#### Friend of the Sea

www.friendofthesea.org

REV	DATE	REASON	APPROVED	VALIDATED	RATIFIED
1	xxx	New standard			

#### Valid from: xxx

**Compulsory from:** xxx

FOS Salmo trutta Fish Welfare Aqua Requirements Standard Rev. 1, xxx

#### Foreword

Friend of the Sea is a non-governmental organisation established in 2008. Its objective is to safeguard the marine environment and its resources, encouraging a sustainable market and implementing specific conservation projects.

The Friend of the Sea certification program allows for the assessment of fisheries and aquaculture products according to sustainability criteria and requirements. The certification, granted following an audit by independent certification bodies, ensures that a product complies with the sustainability requirements.

Requirements are classified as Important, Important or Recommendations, according to their level of importance.

<u>Essential Requirements</u>: The unit of certification shall be 100% compliant with essential requirements to be recommended for certification by the Certification Body (CB). Failure to comply with essential requirements is a major non-conformity. To achieve certification, corrective actions shall be implemented within three months from the date of assessment of non-conformities. The unit of certification shall provide the CB with satisfactory evidence of correction of all major non-conformities, if necessary, with additional audits.

<u>Important Requirements</u>: Failure to comply with important requirements is a minor non-conformity. To achieve certification, the unit of certification shall first propose a corrective action plan within maximum three weeks from the date of assessment of the non-conformities - to the satisfaction of the CB. In the proposal, the unit of certification shall include the timeframe for the implementation of each corrective action, considering that all minor nonconformities must be closed before the surveillance audit. The proposal shall be analysed by the CB regarding its consistency and feasibility. If accepted, the certificate can be granted. Then, in the surveillance audit, the unit of certification shall be able to demonstrate that all minor non-conformities reported in the approved proposal were solved. If the approved proposal has not been fully implemented, the certificate is suspended until the resolution of any remaining minor non-conformities.

<u>Recommendations</u>: It is not compulsory for the unit of certification to comply with recommendations to achieve certification. Nonetheless, compliance with recommendations shall be verified during the audit and any non-conformities shall be highlighted in the audit report as a "recommendation". The unit of certification shall inform the CB, during the following audit, regarding any corrective measures implemented.

Requirements that are not applicable to the audited unit of certification will be marked with "N.A."

#### Description of the unit of certification

This document shall only be filled out by personnel of the CB in charge of the audit. It shall be filled out in English, if spoken fluently.

#### a) NAME OF THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION TO BE AUDITED:

#### **b) NAME OF THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION THAT REQUESTED THE AUDIT:**

c) IS THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION TO BE AUDITED PART OF A GROUP?

d) ADDRESS OF THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION TO BE AUDITED:

#### e) NAME AND CONTACTS OF THE PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION TO BE AUDITED:

#### f) SITES TO BE AUDITED:

(please list site names and locations)

#### g) SITES VISITED BY THE AUDITOR:

#### h) DESCRIPTION OF THE AQUACULTURE SYSTEM:

(E.g.: land, bay, offshore, extensive, intensive, basin, tank, cage, nets, etc. Geographical extension, other. If available include a map)

#### i) DESCRIPTION OF BREEDING TECHNIQUES:

(Summary of breeding techniques from broodstock, to hatching, to the finished product)

#### j) ACTIVITY OF THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION TO BE AUDITED:

#### breeding

- pre-transformation
- final transformation
- import
- export
- distribution

#### **k) DESCRIPTION OF THE FINAL PRODUCT:**

(e.g.: fresh, frozen, canned, other)

#### I) BRANDS OF FINISHED PRODUCT:

(List of brands under which the product is sold. If available include images of the brands)

m) DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION OF FREEZERS AND WAREHOUSES, IF ANY:

(For product traceability purposes)

#### n) TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES:

optional

o) ENVIRONMENTAL CERTIFICATIONS AND AWARDS:

p) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

**The Friend of the Sea project was introduced** (*If not, the Auditor shall provide a short description*)

The unit of certification were informed of the opportunity, in case of approval, of using the Friend of the Sea logo on the certified products

The unit of certification has a document qualifying and confirming the roles of the staff carrying out the audit

The duration of the Audit was agreed upon

 $\square$ 

 $\square$ 

 $\square$ 

The information included in the Preliminary Information Form (PIF) has been confirmed (in case of changes to the PIF, an updated version has to be promptly provided):

CERTIFICATION BODY:	AUDIT TEAM:	AUDIT START AND END DATE:
SIGNATURE OF AUDITOR:	NAME OF THE PERSON IN CHARGE OF THE UNIT OF CERTIFICATION AND ACCOMPANYING THE	AUDIT CODE:
	AUDITOR DURING THE AUDIT:	TYPE OF AUDIT:

#### NOTES TO THE AUDITOR

- 1) The Auditor shall fill out all fields in the checklist.
- 2) The Auditor shall provide an explanation when requirements are not applicable.
- *3)* The Auditor shall write YES when the unit of certification complies with a requirement and NO when it does not.
- 4) The Auditor shall comment and explain the positive or negative answers. Simple "YES," "NO," or "N.A." are insufficient.
- 5) Each relevant document shall be added to the final Audit Report in a separate and numbered attachment.
- 6) Photographic explanations added to the checklist or attached are appreciated.
- 7) This checklist is divided in two main sections: Hatchery and On-growing. If the checklist must be applied to only one of the two sections, the auditor must specify it in the above section p) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

## HATCHERY REQUIREMENTS

#### **<u>1</u>** – CAPTIVE ENVIRONMENT

<b>No.</b>	Requirement         Production units should provide	<b>Level</b> Important	Parameters and information There must always	Y/N	Comments
	horizontal and vertical withdrawal space, optimizing fish welfare conditions regarding spatial constraints.		be horizontal and vertical empty space.		
1.2	Production units must not have sharp protrusions which may be injurious to the larvae and young.	Important	Absence of dangerous protrusions.		
1.3	Back-up power generators must exist, must be functional and must be ready to support essential equipment in case of a power failure. Generators should be tested and maintained weekly.	Important	Records, documents generator test.		
1.4	Production units and equipment must be checked for holes, faults and fouling. All equipment must be maintained regularly.	Important	Good overall condition of tanks and equipment. e.g. hand nets.		
1.5	Optimal photoperiod for fish welfare must be determined on a site-by-site basis using practical experience, research and welfare specialist advice.	Important	Facility allocated within the natural photoperiod and geographical range of the species.		
1.6	Additional lighting either fixed or portable must be available, but only should be switched to allow examination of the animals and equipment.	Important	Stock inspection all times.		

1.7	Any pest control substances or	Important	There must be a	
	equipment must be enclosed in a		system of regular	
	secure location, so there is no risk of		documented	
	water contamination or accidental		monitoring these	
	access by non-target species.		baits points and	
			recording results.	
1.8	Structural enrichment should be	Recommended	Presence of	
	provided. If deemed impossible or		enrichment – – but	
	harmful, other type of enrichment		observing Section	
	should be implemented		1.2 Captive	
	(occupational, dietary, social,		Environment.	
	sensorial).			
1.9	The tanks should be located in a site	Important	Absence of noise,	
	protected from human induced noise.		recorded with a	
	The maximum sound pressure level		hydrophone and	
	should be under 150 dB re 1 µPa rms		analysed with	
	in the 0.2-2kHz frequency range in		appropriate	
	any point of the tank at all times.		software.	

#### <u>2 – WATER</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
			information		
2.1	A contingency plan must exist to	Important	Water		
	correct water quality parameters		transparency,		
	when they deviate from reference		absence of		
	values.		foam, food or		
			other items in		
			the surface or		
			in		
			suspension,		
			overall good		
			water quality.		
2.2	Temperature should be verifiable at	Important	Regular		
	all times and must be between 18		records of		
	to 24º C.		temperature.		

#### 3 - ANIMAL HEALTH AND ANIMAL WELFARE

		T • • •	·	N//	
No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/	Comments
			and	Ν	
			information		
3.1	Each site must either employ a	Important	Records,		
	qualified fish veterinarian or have		documents,		
	access to one.		contracts.		
3.2	Each site must either employ a	Important	Records,		
5.2	qualified fish welfare specialist or	Important	documents.		
	have access to one regularly.		documents.		
	have access to one regularly.				
3.3	All sites must have a documented	Important	Records,		
	fish health and welfare plan.		documents.		
3.4	The documented fish health and	Important	Records,		
	welfare plan must be reviewed on		documents.		
	at least an annual basis by an				
	experienced fish veterinary and				
	welfare specialist.				
		1	1	1	

#### <u>4 - FEEDING</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/	Comments
			and	Ν	
			information		
4.1	The farm must implement a	Important	Records,		
	system that ensures appropriate		documents.		
	feed logistics (storage, transport,				
	distribution, traceability), records,				
	and contingency plan.				

4.2	The farm must ensure that	Important	Records,	
	feeding regimes are according to		documents.	
	manufacturer's guidelines, farmer			
	experience, and feeding			
	behaviour. Adjustments of			
	feeding regimes should be based			
	on fish behaviour, appetite,			
	expected biomass, and			
	minimisation of feed waste.			
4.3	Feed must be dispensed and	Important	Records,	
	spread throughout the rearing		feeding	
	space to minimise the risk of		technique and	
	over- and under-feeding and to		protocol.	
	reduce feeding competition.			
4.4	Fish must be observed at least	Important	Records,	
	once per day during feeding, and	Important	documents.	
	feeding behaviour should be		documents.	
	registered. Records must be			
	-			
	available for inspection.			

#### 5 - HANDLING AND MANIPULATION PROCEDURES

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
5.1	Fish must be protected at all times from avoidable injuries, pain and stress. Farm operators must be able to demonstrate awareness at inspection.	Important	Records, documents, SOP, on-site observation, training.		
5.2	Cleaning and maintenance operations must be carried out with minimal impact on fish welfare and health.	Important	Records, documents, on-site observation, training.		

5.3	Live fish must only be	Important	Records,	
	removed from water and		documents,	
	handled when absolutely		on-site	
	necessary. The maximum		observation,	
	emersion time without		training.	
	anesthesia is 15 seconds.			
5.4	When fish are handled,	Important	Records,	
	adequate support must be		documents,	
	given to the body: live fish		videos or on-	
	should never be held by the		site	
	gills, tail only or/and		observation.	
	thrown.			
5.5	Handling nets must be of a	Important	Net design,	
	suitable size and ideally		size and	
	knotless. They must be kept		condition.	
	clean, disinfected upon each			
	use and replaced when			
	damaged. Their design must			
	not risk injuring the fish.			

#### <u>6 – VACCINATION</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Υ/	Comments
			and	Ν	
			information		
6.1	The use of vaccines is encouraged	Important	Records,		
	for the prevention of disease, rather		documents,		
	than relying on treatment.		SOP, on-site		
			observation.		
6.2	All vaccination procedures must be	Important	Records,		
	conducted with care and with the	·	documents,		
	minimum possible distress caused		SOP, on-site		
	to the fish.		observation.		
			observation.		
6.3	All fish must be sedated before	Important	Records,		
	being injected, unless there are		documents, on-		
	clear health and welfare reasons not		site		
	to.		observation.		

6.4	Vaccines and anesthetics must be	Important	Decordo	
0.4		Important	Records,	
	used according to the		documents, on-	
	manufacturer's data sheet, unless		site	
	otherwise specified by a vet.		observation.	
	Vaccine use must be recorded in the			
	Veterinary Health and Welfare Plan.			
6.5	There must be back-up systems and	Important	Records,	
	contingency plans in place in order		documents.	
	to deal with vaccination system			
	malfunctions and breakdowns in			
	order to safeguard the welfare of			
	the fish.			

#### <u>7 - GRADING</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
7.1	Grading must be minimised	Important	Records,		
	and only be performed when		documents,		
	absolutely necessary e.g.		SOP, on-site		
	before vaccination, to avoid		observation.		
	cannibalism, before		(grading		
	slaughtering.		system).		
7.2	All grading equipment must be	Important	Records,		
	designed and maintained in order		documents,		
	to prevent damage or causing		on-site		
	stress to the fish (e.g. fish should		observation.		
	be kept submerged at all times).		(grading		
			system).		
7.3	A written protocol/working	Important	Records, SOP,		
	procedure for grading must be in		documents.		
	place and carried out at all times.				
7.4	Fish must be monitored throughout	Important	Records,		
	the operation by a designated		documents.		
	person who is responsible for				
	identifying welfare issues and				
	taking appropriate action if				
	necessary.				

#### 8 - TRANSPORTATION

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
8.1	Transport must be planned in order to minimise possible adverse effects on fish welfare. Transport on land: max 8h.	Important	Records, documents.		
8.2	Water quality parameters (oxygenation, ammonia levels, pH, temperature) must be monitored during transport and match with arrival tanks. A surface skimmer must be present in all transport containers.	Important	Records, documents.		
8.3	Biosecurity and fish welfare should be considered before transporting fish populations.	Important	Records, documents.		
8.4	All equipment that the fish rely on for life support must be constantly monitored throughout the journey.	Important	Records, documents, on-site observation.		
8.5	Water quality parameters must always comply with those described in the requirement FOS Aqua-inland 8.1 (tbc if is still the same)	Important	Records, documents.		

8.6	Supplementary oxygen or air	Important	Records,		
	supply must be sufficient to last		documents.		
	50% longer than the anticipated				
	length of the journey (see Section				
	8.1 Transportation).				
8.7	Excessive or rapid changes in	Important	Records,		
	water temperature or pH during		documents.		
	transport must be avoided, unless				
	there are clear health and welfare				
	reasons to do it.				
8.8	Any fish that die during	Important	Records,		
0.0	transportation must be separated	Important	documents.		
			uocuments.		
	from live fish as soon as possible				
	after arrival. The cause of death				
	must be determined by a				
	competent person.				
8.9	Records of any deaths or injuries	Important	Records,		
	that occur during transportation		documents.		
	must be kept.				
8.10	Contingency plans must exist for	Important	Records,		
	all frequent transport problems.		documents.		
L	1		1	i	1

8.11	Starvation prior to transport should I	Important	Records,		
	not be longer than 50-degree days		documents.		
	and preferably just enough to				
	achieve gut clearance (see Section				
	9 Starvation).				

#### <u>9 - STARVATION</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
9.1	Starvation periods must be	Important	Records,		
	justified.		documents.		
9.2	The period during which fish are	Important	Records,		
	deprived of food to achieve gut		documents, on-		
	clearance prior to certain		site		
	procedures or harvesting must be		observation.		
	appropriate and as minimal as				
	possible. Unless justified, this must				
	always be <u>&lt;</u> 50-degree days.				
9.3	Feed withdrawal may form part of	Important	Records,		
	the response to the onset of		documents.		
	adverse environmental conditions				
	and in the treatment of certain				
	diseases. Veterinary and welfare				
	specialist advice should be sought				
	and appropriate, feed withdrawal				
	protocols should be included if				
	deviation periods from above.				

#### 10 - CROWDING

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
10.1	A written procedure for fish crowding must be validated by a welfare specialist and carried out every time.	Important	SOP		
10.2	Operators must be trained in the appropriate crowding techniques.	Important	SOP		
10.3	The frequency and duration of crowding should be kept to the minimum and clearly justified. The period for fish crowding on any occasion must not exceed 1.5 hour for grading or treatments and 2 hours for harvest.	Important	Records, SOP, videos, on-site observation.		

0.4	Operators must monitor fish	Important	Crowd intensity	
	behaviour during crowding and		scale: A simple	
	take actions if fish show signs of		fish behaviour	
	stress or damage. Surface		scale from 1-5	
	activity should never reach stage		may be used as	
	4 on the crowd intensity scale.		a guide to	
			managing acute	
			stress, i.e.:	
			1(optimum).	
			Importantly no	
			fins breaking the	
			surface of the	
			water. 2	
			(Acceptable).	
			Fins above the	
			water over a	
			small part of the	
			surface of the	
			crowd. 3	
			(Undesirable).	
			Fins and part of	
			the fish above	
			the water over	
			the whole	
			surface of the	
			crowd. Some	
			burrowing,	
			gasping and	
			vigorous activity	
			in parts of the	
			crowd. 4	
			(Unacceptable).	
			The whole	
			surface of the	
			crowd vigorously	
			burrowing,	
			gasping and	
			splashing. 5.	
			Whole surface of	
			the pen boiling	
			with violent	
			splashing.	

10.5	Oxygen levels must be monitored	Important	Records,		
	and corrective action must be		documents,		
	taken if levels fall below 9 mg/L		videos, on-site		
	for eggs between 4 and 12° C		measurements.		
	and 7 mg/L for juveniles.				

#### 11 - CULLING

No.	Requirement Any seriously sick or injured fish, or fish found not to be recovering,		Parameters and information Records, documents.	Y/N	Comments
	must be immediately removed and humanely killed without delay.				
11.2	Fish must only be culled using overdose of anesthetic.	Important	Documents, on-site observations.		
11.3	Culling of any fish must only be conducted by suitably trained and competent people.	Important	Documents.		

#### **12- WELFARE ASSESSMENT**

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
12.1	Appropriate systems for on-site or	Important	Documents,		
	remote behavioural observations		videos, on-site		
	must be implemented: fixed or		observation of		
	mobile live cameras underwater		major		
	(preferred), live surface		behaviour		
	observations (if the previous is not		patterns:		
	possible), surface windows, or		swimming		
	others. Behavioural observations		behaviour		
	should be regularly recorded during		should be calm		
	routine procedures or any other		schooling, no		
	action which can cause stress or		panic reactions,		
	discomfort to fish, in order to		no isolated		
	identify caveats and improve		individuals, no		
	protocols.		aggression, no		
			abnormal		
			behaviour (see		
			points below).		
12.2	Fish must be inspected on a daily	Important	Documents,		
	basis and dead or moribund fish		videos, on-site		
	should be removed, minimising		observation.		
	handling to avoid stress to the live				
	fish within the enclosure (see				
	Section 11 Culling).				
12.3	Abnormal behaviour must be	Important	on-site		
	investigated in order to identify the		observation.		
	cause of the issue and prevent				
	reocccurence by implementing				
	effective prevention strategies.				
	······································				
		1	1		

		1 -		1
12.4	Fish should be shoaling or schooling	Important	on-site	
	(i.e. group swimming with polarized		observation.	
	orientation)			
12.5	Aggression events should be absent	Important	on-site	
	in 5 consecutive mins of observation		observation.	
	(minimum)			
12.6	Abnormal, vacuum or stereotypical	Important	on-site	
12.0				
	behaviour should be absent in 5		observation.	
	consecutive mins of observation			
	(minimum)			
10.7		Tara a sata a t	a a cita	
12.7	Anticipatory behaviour must be	Important	on-site	
	apparent prior to feeding routines		observation.	
12.8	If individual character is possible	Incocretoret	an aita	
12.8	If individual observation is possible	Important	on-site	
	in detail, ventilatory activity should		observation.	
	be normal (50-70 opercular beats			
	per min. (bpm)); hyperventilation			
	(>90 bpm) should be absent at all			
	times. Abnormal values must be			
	reported to the welfare specialist.			
12.9	Swimming activity should be	Important	on-site	
	regular, without major or sudden		observation.	
	changes.			
		1		

	1	1	1		1
12.10	Before transfer to on-growing sites,	Important	on-site		
	a sample of ca. 100 fish must be		observation		
	examined at the point of weight				
	sampling for the following				
	outcomes: a) fin damage,				
	b) opercular damage, c) eye				
	damage, d) spine or jaw				
	deformities, e) poor skin condition.				
12.11	Farmers should be aware of, and	Recommended			
	consider the use of, new technology				
	that improves the welfare of fish.				
12.12	Farmers should have access to	Recommended			
	reliable and relevant information on				
	fish welfare.				
12.13	Farmers must implement a protocol	Important	On-site		
	to perform routine monitoring and		observation		
	assessments of fish welfare status in				
	their facilities, i.e. an internal				
	evaluation based on welfare				
	indicators.				
		1	1	1	1

#### **13- STOCKING AND MORTALITY**

No.	Requirement Fish stock numbers, average weight and total biomass must be monitored weekly. Records for monitoring and documentation must be available for inspection.	<b>Level</b> Important	Parameters and information Records, documents.	Y/N	Comments
13.2	Stocking density should be monitored in relation to fish health and behaviour indicators (see Section 3 Animal Health and Welfare and Section 12 Welfare Assessment). Water quality must be monitored frequently and on demand (see Aqua-inland point 8 and Section 2 Water).	Important	Records, documents.		
13.3	Mortality must be checked daily and dead fish should be removed from the water immediately. Mortality records must be available at inspection.	Important	Monthly mortality rate >1%.		
13.4	Deviation from expected mortalities (included in the Veterinary Health Plan) must be discussed with a Veterinary and a Welfare specialist.	Important			

13.5	Records for mortality causes must	Important		
	be in place per production unit.			
	Operators must show awareness for			
	mortality causes at inspection.			
13.6	When unexplained mortalities	Important		
	exceed $\geq$ 0.5% per day, samples are			
	submitted for analysis by a			
	veterinarian.			
13.7	Managers must:	Important		
13.7	a) ensure that all staff working with	important		
	,			
	stock are trained and competent in			
	aspects of fish husbandry and			
	welfare, relevant to their duties			
	b) ensure that staff working with			
	stock must have attended a			
13.8	recognised fish welfare course. Operators must be able to	Important		
15.0	demonstrate their proficiency in	Important		
	procedures that have the potential			
	to cause pain or distress including,			
	handling, crowding and culling.			
13.9	Stock-keepers must be able to	Important		
	recognise indicators of poor welfare			
	in fish including abnormal			
	behaviour, physical injury and			
	symptoms of disease.			

#### 14- BROODSTOCK AND EGGS

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
14.1	Stocking of broodstock should match the natural sex ratio of the species. (1M : 1.4F in Sea trout but 6M : 1F in Brown trout. No spontaneous spawning in holding tanks, at least for domesticated broodstock).	Important	Records, documents.		
14.2	Density of spawners must be kept <22kg/m <sup>3</sup> for stocking.	Important			
14.3	Tank sizes must be > 5m <sup>3</sup> and > 1m deep, rounded or avoiding angles and contain structural enrichment, provided that it does not hinder fish swimming activities or tank cleaning operations.	Important			
14.4	Environmental parameters (temperature and photoperiod) of broodstock tanks should follow the natural rhythms. <i>Salmo trutta</i> is naturally a winter spawner (usually November-December), and eggs are normally produced at 4-12° C.	Important	Records, documents.		
14.5	Natural spawning methods, i.e. without handling or manipulation, should be implemented. In the absence of such, all handling procedures (e.g. stripping) must be performed under anesthesia by a trained staff member or team.	Important	Records, documents.		

14.6	Eggs can be manipulated between	Important	Records,		
	30 minutes and 24 h following		documents.		
	fertilisation, after which any shock				
	should be avoided until the eyed				
	stage (typically 300 degree-days).				
	Developing eggs may be maintained				
	in dim light or darkness and water				
	exchange should be moderate (one				
	renewal per hour) and the dissolved				
	oxygen level kept at 100 percent				
	saturation. Deformed and dead				
	eggs/fry should be carefully				
	removed daily to prevent the				
	development of fungus. At the eyed				
	stage, eggs can be manipulated				
	again.				

## **ON-GROWING REQUIREMENTS**

#### **<u>1</u>** – CAPTIVE ENVIRONMENT

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
1.1	Production units should provide	Important	There must always		
	horizontal and vertical withdrawal		be horizontal and		
	space, optimising fish welfare		vertical empty		
	conditions regarding spatial		space.		
	constraints.				
1.2	Production units must not have sharp	Important	Absence of		
	protrusions which may be injurious		dangerous		
	to the fish.		protrusions.		
1.3	Production units and equipment must	Important	Good overall		
115	be checked for holes, faults and	important	condition of nets		
	fouling. All equipment must be		and infrastructures.		
	maintained regularly and records		Records of		
	must be ready for inspection.		periodicity and		
	<i>,</i> , ,		methods as		
			assessment.		
1.4	Farm design should be such that	Important	Water visibility,		
	inspection of all stock is possible.		ROVs, divers,		
	Total suspended solids < 25 mg/dm <sup>3</sup> .		cameras etc.		
1.5	Optimal photoperiod for fish welfare	Important	Facility allocated		
	must be determined on a site-by-site		within the natural		
	basis using practical experience,		photoperiod and		
	research and welfare specialist		geographical range		
	advice.		of the species.		
1.6	Production units must be of adequate	Important	Depth of net-pen.		
	depth to prevent damage from				
	ultraviolet radiation (> 45 cm) or				
	shadows must be provided if				
	considered appropriate.				

1.7	Additional lighting, either fixed or	Important	Stock inspection at		
	portable, must be available, but only		all times.		
	should be switched on to allow				
	examination of the animals and				
	equipment.				
1.8	Structural enrichment should be	Recommended	Presence of		
	provided. If deemed impossible or		enrichment – but		
	harmful, other type of enrichment		observing 1.2.		
	should be implemented				
	(occupational, dietary, social,				
	sensorial).				
1.9	The tanks should be located in a site	Important	Absence of noise,		
1.5	protected from human induced noise.	Important	recorded with a		
	The maximum sound pressure level		hydrophone and		
	should be under 150 dB re 1 µPa rms		analysed with		
	in the 0.2-2kHz frequency range in		appropriate		
	any point of the tank at all times.		software.		
	any point of the tank at an times.				

#### <u>2– WATER</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
2.1	A contingency plan must exist to	Important	Water		
	correct water quality parameters		transparency,		
	when they deviate from reference		absence of		
	values.		foam, food or		
			other items in		
			the surface or		
			in		
			suspension,		
			overall good		
			water quality.		
2.2	Temperature should be verifiable at	Important	Regular		
	all times, and must be between 18		records of		
	to 24º C.		temperature.		

#### <u>3 – ANIMAL HEALTH AND ANIMAL WELFARE</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and	-,	
			information		
3.1	Each site must either employ a	Important	Records,		
	qualified fish vet or have access to		documents,		
	one.		contracts.		
3.2	Each site must either employ a	Important	Records,		
	qualified fish welfare specialist or		documents.		
	have regular access to one.				
3.3	All sites must have a documented	Important	Records,		
	fish health and welfare plan.		documents.		
3.4	The documented fish health and	Important	Records,		
	welfare plan must be reviewed on		documents.		
	at least an annual basis by an				
	experienced fish veterinary and				
	welfare specialist.				

#### <u>4 - FEEDING</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
4.1	The farm must implement a system that ensures appropriate feed logistics (storage, transport, distribution, traceability), records, and contingency plans.	Important	Records, documents.		

4.2	The farm must ensure that	Important	Records,			
	feeding regimes are carried out		documents.			
	according to manufacturer's					
	guidelines, farmer experience,					
	and feeding behaviour.					
	Adjustments to feeding regimes					
	should be based on fish					
	behaviour, appetite, expected					
	biomass, and minimisation of					
	feed waste.					
4.3	Feed must be dispensed and	Important	Records,			
	spread throughout the rearing		feeding			
	space to minimise the risk of		technique and			
	over- and under-feeding and to		protocol.			
	reduce feeding competition.					
4.4	Fish must be observed at least	Important	Records,			
	once per day during feeding and		documents.			
	feeding behaviour should be					
	registered. Records must be					
	available for inspection.					
		L	1	1		

#### 5 - HANDLING AND MANIPULATION PROCEDURES

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
_			and		
			information		
5.1	Fish must be protected at all	Important	Records,		
	times from avoidable injuries,		documents,		
	pain and stress. Farm operators		SOP, on-site		
	must be able to demonstrate		observation,		
	awareness at inspection.		training.		
5.2	Cleaning and maintenance	Important	Records,		
	operations must be carried out		documents,		
	with minimal impact to fish		on-site		
	welfare and health.		observation,		
			training.		

5.3	Live fish must only be	Important	Records,		
	removed from water and		documents,		
	handled when absolutely		on-site		
	necessary. The maximum		observation,		
	emersion time without		training.		
	anesthesia is 15 seconds.				
5.4	When fish are handled,	Important	Records,		
	adequate support must be		documents,		
	given to the body: live fish		videos, on-site		
	should never be held by the		observation.		
	gills, tail only and/or				
	thrown.				
5.5	Handling nets must be of a	Important	Net design,		
	suitable size and ideally		size and		
	knotless. They must be kept		condition.		
	clean, disinfected after use				
	and replaced when				
	damaged. Their design must				
	be as to not risk injuring the				
	fish.				

#### <u>6</u> <u>– VACCINATION</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
6.1	All vaccination procedures must be	Important	Records,		
	conducted with care and with the		documents,		
	minimum possible distress caused		SOP, on-site		
	to the fish.		observation.		
6.2	All fish must be sedated before	Important	Records,		
	being injected, unless there are		documents, on-		
	clear health and welfare reasons not		site		
	to.		observation.		

6.3	Vaccines and anesthetics must be	Important	Records,		
	used according to the		documents, on-		
	manufacturer's data sheet, unless		site		
	otherwise specified by a vet.		observation.		
	Vaccine use must be recorded in the				
	Veterinary Health and Welfare Plan.				
6.4	There must be back-up systems and	Important	Records,		
	contingency plans in place to deal		documents.		
	with vaccination system				
	malfunctions and breakdowns in				
	order to safeguard the welfare of				
	the fish.				

#### <u>7</u> - GRADING

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
7.1	Grading must be minimised	Important	Records,		
	and only be performed when		documents,		
	absolutely necessary e.g.		SOP, on-site		
	before vaccination, to avoid		observation		
	cannibalism, before		(grading		
	slaughtering.		system).		
7.2	All grading equipment must be	Important	Records,		
	designed and maintained in order		documents,		
	to prevent damage or cause stress		on-site		
	to the fish (e.g. fish should be kept		observation		
	submerged at all times).		(grading		
			system).		
7.3	A written protocol/working	Important	Records, SOP,		
	procedure for grading must be in		documents.		
	place and carried out at all time.				
7.4	Fish must be monitored throughout	Important	Records,		
	the operation by a designated		documents.		
	person who is responsible for				
	identifying welfare issues and				
	taking appropriate action if				
	necessary.				

If passive grading is used, the size	Important	Records,			
and design of the grading panel		documents,			
must be appropriate for the size of		on-site			
fish that are to be graded, and the		observation			
enclosure they are contained		(grading			
within.		system).			
-	and design of the grading panel must be appropriate for the size of fish that are to be graded, and the enclosure they are contained	and design of the grading panel must be appropriate for the size of fish that are to be graded, and the enclosure they are contained	and design of the grading paneldocuments,must be appropriate for the size ofon-sitefish that are to be graded, and theobservationenclosure they are contained(grading	and design of the grading paneldocuments,must be appropriate for the size ofon-sitefish that are to be graded, and theobservationenclosure they are contained(grading	and design of the grading paneldocuments,must be appropriate for the size ofon-sitefish that are to be graded, and theobservationenclosure they are contained(grading

#### 8 - TRANSPORTATION

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
8.1	Transport must be planned in	Important	Records,		
	order to minimise possible adverse		documents.		
	effects on fish welfare. Transport				
	on land: max 8h.				
8.2	Water quality parameters	Important	Records,		
	(oxygenation, ammonia levels, pH,		documents.		
	temperature) must be monitored				
	during transport and match with				
	arrival tanks. A surface skimmer				
	must be present in all transport				
	containers.				
8.3	Biosecurity and fish welfare should	Important	Records,		
	be considered before transporting		documents.		
	fish populations.				
8.4	All equipment that the fish rely on	Important	Records,		
	for life support must be constantly		documents,		
	monitored throughout the journey.		on-site		
			observation.		
8.5	Water quality parameters must	Important	Records,		
	always comply with those		documents.		
	described in FOS Aqua-inland 8.1				
8.6	Supplementary oxygen or air	Important	Records,		
	supply must be sufficient to last		documents.		
	50% longer than the anticipated				
	length of the journey (see Section				
	8.1 Transportation).				

8.7	Excessive or rapid changes in	Important	Records,	
	water temperature or pH during		documents.	
	transport must be avoided, unless			
	there are clear health and welfare			
	reasons to do it.			
8.8	Any fish that die during	Important	Records,	
	transportation must be separated		documents.	
	from live fish as soon as possible			
	after arrival. The cause of death			
	must be determined by a			
	competent person.			
		-		
8.9	Records of any deaths or injuries	Important	Records,	
	that occur during transportation		documents.	
	must be kept.			
8.10	Contingency plans must exist for	Important	Records,	
	all frequent transport problems		documents.	
8.11	Starvation prior to transport should	Important	Records,	
	not be longer than 50-degree days		documents.	
	and preferably just enough to			
	achieve gut clearance (see Section			
	9 Starvation).			
L				

# 9 - STARVATION

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
9.1	Starvation periods must be	Important	Records,		
	justified.		documents.		
9.2	The period during which fish are	Important	Records,		
	deprived of food to achieve gut		documents, on-		
	clearance prior to certain		site		
	procedures or harvesting must be		observation.		
	appropriate and as minimal as				
	possible. Unless justified, must				
	always be $<$ 50-degree days.				
0.0		Transie autoria			
9.3	Feed withdrawal may form part of	Important	Records,		
	the response to the onset of		documents.		
	adverse environmental conditions				
	and in the treatment of certain				
	diseases. Veterinary and welfare				
	specialist advice should be sought				
	and appropriate feed withdrawal				
	protocols should be included if				
	deviation periods from above.				

#### <u>10</u> <u>- CROWDING</u>

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
10.1	A written procedure for fish	Important	SOP		
	crowding must be validated by a				
	welfare specialist and carried out				
	every time.				
10.2	Operators must be trained in the	Important	SOP		
	appropriate crowding techniques.				
10.3	The frequency and duration of	Important	Records, SOP,		
	crowding should be kept to the		videos,		
	minimum and clearly justified.		observation on		
	The period for fish crowding on		site.		
	any occasion must not exceed 1.5				
	hour for grading or treatments				
	and 2 hours for harvest.				

0.4	Operators must monitor fish	Important	Crowd intensity	
	behaviour during crowding and		scale: A simple	
	take actions if fish show signs of		fish behaviour	
	stress or damage. Surface		scale from 1–5	
	activity should never reach stage		may be used as	
	4 on the crowd intensity scale		a guide to	
			managing acute	
			stress, i.e.:	
			1(optimum).	
			Importantly no	
			fins breaking the	
			surface of the	
			water. 2	
			(Acceptable).	
			Fins above the	
			water over a	
			small part of the	
			surface of the	
			crowd. 3	
			(Undesirable).	
			Fins and part of	
			the fish above	
			the water over	
			the whole	
			surface of the	
			crowd. Some	
			burrowing,	
			gasping and	
			vigorous activity	
			in parts of the	
			crowd. 4	
			(Unacceptable).	
			The whole	
			surface of the	
			crowd vigorously	
			burrowing,	
			gasping and	
			splashing. 5.	
			Whole surface of	
			the pen boiling	
			with violent	
			splashing.	

1	0.5	Oxygen levels must be monitored	Important	Records,		
		and corrective action must be		documents,		
		taken if levels fall below 7 mg/L.		videos, on-site		
				measurements.		

## 11 - CULLING

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
	-		and	-	
			information		
11.1	Any seriously sick or injured fish,	Important	Records,		
	or fish found not to be recovering,		documents.		
	must be immediately removed and				
	humanely killed without delay.				
	hamanely killed wellout delay!				
11.2	Fish must only be culled using an	Important	Documents,		
	overdose of anesthetic.		on-site		
	overause of anesthetic.		observation.		
			observation.		
11.3	Culling of any fish must only be	Important	Records,		
11.5		important	-		
	conducted by suitably trained and		documents,		
	competent people.		on-site		
			observation,		
			training.		

#### **12- WELFARE ASSESSMENT**

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters	Y/N	Comments
			and		
			information		
12.1	Appropriate systems for on-site or	Important	Documents,		
	remote behavioural observations		videos, on-site		
	must be implemented: fixed or		observation of		
	mobile live cameras underwater		major		
	(preferred), live surface		behaviour		
	observations (if the previous is not		patterns:		
	possible), surface windows, or		swimming		
	others. Behavioural observations		behaviour		
	should be regularly recorded during		should be calm,		
	routine procedures or any other		schooling, no		
	action which can cause stress or		panic reactions,		
	discomfort to fish, in order to		no isolated		
	identify caveats and improve		individuals, no		
	protocols.		aggression, no		
			abnormal		
			behaviours (see		
			points below).		
12.2	Fish must be inspected on a daily	Important	Documents,		
	basis and dead or moribund fish		videos, on-site		
	should be removed, minimising		observation.		
	handling to avoid stress to the live				
	fish within the enclosure (see				
	Section 11 Culling).				
12.3	Abnormal behaviour must be	Important	On-site		
	investigated to identify the cause of		observation.		
	the issue and be prevented from				
	reoccuring by implementing				
	effective prevention strategies.				

12.4	Fish should be shoaling or schooling	Important	On-site	
	(i.e. group swimming with polarized		observation.	
	orientation)			
12.5	Aggression events should be absent	Important	On-site	
	in 5 consecutive mins of observation		observation.	
	(minimum).		0200.000.000	
	(minimum).			
12.6	Abnormal, vacuum or stereotypical	Important	On-site	
	behaviours should be absent in 5		observation.	
	consecutive mins of observation			
	(minimum).			
12.7	Anticipatory hobayiour must appear	Important	On cito	
12.7	Anticipatory behaviour must appear	Important	On-site	
	prior to feeding routines.		observation.	
12.8	Swimming activity should be	Important	On-site	
	regular, without major or sudden		observation.	
	changes.		-	
L		1	1	

12.9	Before transfer to on-growing sites,	Recommended			
	a sample of ca. 100 fish must be				
	examined at the point of weight				
	sampling for the following				
	outcomes: a) fin damage,				
	b) opercular damage, c) eye				
	damage, d) spine or jaw				
	deformities, e) poor skin condition.				
12.10	Farmers should be aware of, and	Recommended			
	consider, the use of new technology				
	that improves the welfare of fish.				
12.11	Farmers should have access to	Important	On-site		
	reliable and relevant information on		observation.		
	fish welfare.				
12.12	Farmers must implement a protocol	Important	On-site		
	to perform routine monitoring and		observation.		
	assessments of fish welfare status in				
	their facilities, i.e. an internal				
	evaluation based on welfare				
	indicators.				

## **13- STOCKING AND MORTALITY**

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
13.1	Fish stock numbers, average weight and total biomass must be monitored weekly. Records for monitoring and documentation must be available for inspection.	Important	Records, documents.		
13.2	Stocking density should be monitored in relation to fish health and behaviour indicators Optimum density of about 40 kg/m <sup>3</sup> . Water quality must be monitored frequently and on demand (see Aqua-inland point 8 and Section 2 Water).	Important	Records, documents.		
13.3	Mortality must be checked daily and dead fish should be removed from the production units. Mortality records must be available at inspection.	Important	Monthly mortality rate >1%.		
13.4	Deviation from expected mortalities (included in the Veterinary Health Plan) must be discussed with a Veterinary and a Welfare specialist.	Important			

13.5	Records for mortality causes must	Important		
	be in place per production unit.			
	Operators must show awareness for			
	mortality causes at inspection.			
	, , , , ,			
13.6	When unexplained mortalities	Important		
1510	exceed $\geq 0.5\%$ per day, samples are	Important		
	submitted for analysis by a			
	veterinarian.			
13.7	Managers must:	Important		$\neg$
13.7	a) ensure that all staff working with	Important		
	stock are trained and competent in			
	aspects of fish husbandry and			
	welfare, relevant to their duties			
	b) ensure that staff working with			
	stock must have attended a			
	recognised fish welfare course.			
13.8	Operators must be able to	Important		
	demonstrate that they received			
	training and that they are proficient			
	in procedures that have the			
	potential to cause pain or distress			
	including, handling, crowding and			
	culling.			
13.9	Stock-keepers must be able to	Important		
	recognise indicators of poor welfare			
	in fish including abnormal			
	behaviour, physical injury and			
	symptoms of disease (see Section			
	12 Welfare Assessment).			
	12 Wendle ASSessment).			

### 14- HARVESTING, STUNNING AND SLAUGHTER

No.	Requirement	Level	Parameters and information	Y/N	Comments
14.1	Harvesting can only be performed using fish pumps. The dimensions of pumps and tubes must be scaled to the operation and approved by an engineer. The maximum flow rate should be 3m/s.	Important during the transition period, after must be IMPORTANT	Documents, videos, on-site observation.		
14.2	The only permitted stunning and subsequent killing methods are: a) an effectively applied percussive blow, b) electronarcosis followed by bleeding, asphyxia or other slaughter method that must be applied while the fish are unconscious, c) electrocution (i.e. killing by electrical current).	Important during the transition period, after must be IMPORTANT	Documents, videos, on-site observation.		
14.3	A backup system e.g. 'priest' must be available throughout the killing process.	Important	Documents, videos, on-site observation.		
14.4	Any fish which fall to the ground during the process must be humanely killed with the main or back up system.	Important	Documents, videos, on-site observation.		

		•		
14.5	External damage such as scale loss,	Important	Documents,	
	fin erosion, predator bites, lesions		videos, on-site	
	resulting from aggression, handling		observation.	
	scares, parasite lesions and			
	deformities must be noted at			
	slaughter or upon arrival to the			
	processing station.			
14.6	All staff involved with the stunning	Important	Documents,	
	and killing process must have	during the	videos, on-site	
	received full training.	during the	observation.	
		transition		
		period, after		
		•		
		must be		
		IMPORTANT		
14.7	There must be a named person	Important	Documents,	
14.7	responsible for fish welfare	Important	videos, on-site	
		during the	observation.	
	throughout the killing process. This	transition	observation.	
	person is responsible for harvest	transition		
	records including stunning and	period, after		
	slaughtering efficiency.	must be		
		IMPORTANT		
14.8	A written procedure for fish humane	Important	Documents,	
	stunning and slaughtering (see		videos, on-site	
	Section 14.1 – 4 Harvesting,		observation.	
	stunning and slaughter) must be in			
	place and carried out all time.			
14.9	Video recordings of harvesting,	Important	Documents,	
	stunning and slaughtering must be		videos, on-site	
	performed regularly (once per		observation.	
	month or every time there is any		5555. (010)	
	change in protocols)			
			•	

Further comments:
The Auditor chall also fill in the following fields.
The Auditor shall also fill-in the following fields:
<ul> <li>The products of Organisation come from an aquaculture system which COMPLIES with Friend of the Sea requirements.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The products of Organisation come from an aquaculture system which DOES NOT COMPLY with Friend of the Sea requirements.</li> </ul>
The Auditor found the following non-conformities:
<b>MAJOR NON-CONFORMITIES (to be conformed to within 3 months)</b> Specify the points (e.g. Hatchery 1.1, On-growing 3.1,)

# **RECOMMENDATIONS (to be communicated within the next inspection)**

Specify the points