

FRIEND OF THE SEA CERTIFICATION CRITERIA CHECKLIST FOR SEAWEED PRODUCTS

SEAWEED HARVESTING AND FARMING

(Latest update: 19/03/2014)

Friend of the Sea is a non-governmental organisation founded in 2007 whose mission is the conservation of the marine habitat and its resources by means of certification and promotion of certified products from sustainable fisheries and aquaculture.

Friend of the Sea has created a certification program for products from both fishing and sustainable aquaculture. Audits are carried out by independent certification bodies and ensures that the product conforms to the sustainability requirements.

The use of the logo is authorized only following a positive outcome of an audit carried out by the certification body:

Friend of the Sea sustainable seaweed certification covers the following criteria:

- 1. Management system
- 2. Legal compliance
- 3. Biomass and Environmental Impact Assessment
- 4. Water monitoring
- 5. Air emissions monitoring
- 6. Waste management
- 7. Chemicals and hazardous substances
- 8. Energy management
- 9. Social accountability
- 10. Traceability



Each of these criteria include essential or important requirements, or recommendations.

Essential Requirements: Conformity to essential requirements is mandatory for certification. Any shortfall with regard to these requirements is considered as a Major Non-Conformity. Corrective actions must be implemented and compliance to the requirements must be proved within three months from receipt of the Audit Report. Solely for requirements 2.1 and 2.2, in consideration of the complexity of the information to be covered, the term allowed for assessing the nonconformity is extended to 6 months.

<u>Important Requirements</u>: Conformity to Important Requirements is mandatory for certification. Any shortfall with regard to these requirements is considered as a Minor Non-Conformity. Corrective Actions (declaration of intent and plan of action) must be proposed to the Certification Body within three weeks from the date the Audit Report is received. The Organization must include in its proposed Corrective Action a deadline for compliance. The maximum term for the complete implementation of each Corrective Action is one year.

<u>Recommendations</u>: recommendations are not mandatory for certification. Nevertheless compliance will be verified and non conformity will be reported by the auditor. The enterprise must consequently provide corrective action/s and it must inform the Certification Body, before the following surveillance or renewal audit, about decisions taken and corrective actions carried out,

In case a requirement is not applicable to the audited Organisation this will be defined as not applicable (N/A).

This document may only be compiled by the Certification body and by the Auditor responsible for the inspection. The form must be compiled in the Auditor's mother tongue or in English if fluent.

| i) DESCRIPTION OF FARMING OR HARVESTING TECHNIQUES: (Summary of the techniques used farming or harvesting) |
|---|
| j) OPERATIONS OF THE ORGANISATION BEING AUDITED: |
| □ farming □ harvesting |
| □ pre–processing |
| □ final processing |
| □ importing □ exporting |
| □ distribution |
| □ other (description) : |
| k) DESCRIPTION OF THE FINAL PRODUCT: (e.g.: fresh, dried, carrageen, human consumption, fertilizer, animal feed, fish feed, biomass, cosmetics, etc.) |
| I) FINISHED PRODUCT BRANDS: (List of brands, if any under which the product is sold. Where available include brand images) |
| m) DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION OF ANY WAREHOUSE EXTERNAL TO THE AUDIT SITE (for the purposes of products' traceability) |
| n) TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES: Optional |
| o) ENVIRONMENTAL CERTIFICATIONS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS: |
| p) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: |

| Friend of the Sea project has been introduced (If not, auditor should provide short description) | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| ☐ The Audited company has been informed that in case of approval confirmation, it can use the Friend of the Sea logo on its certified products | | | | | | |
| ☐ The Company has hande identifying the role of the st | ed over a copy of the company org aff involved in the audit | ganisational chart | | | | |
| ☐ Audit timing has been ag | greed upon. | | | | | |
| ☐ Data of Preliminary Inforplease detail) | mation Form have been confirmed | l: (In case of different info | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| CERTIFICATION BODY: AUDIT TEAM: AUDIT START AND END DATE: | | | | | | |
| SIGNATURE OF AUDITOR: | AUDIT CODE: | | | | | |

NOTES FOR THE AUDITOR

- 1) The Auditor must complete all fields of the checklist.
- 2) Instructions for completing the checklist are indicated in blue
- 3) The Auditor must justify in case requirement is Not Applicable
- 4) The Auditor must answer Yes (Y) when the Organization is compliant with the requirement and No (N) when it is not compliant
- 5) The Auditor must provide comments and explanations for positive or negative responses. Yes, No or Not Applicable are not sufficient
- 6) Any significant documental evidence must be attached to the final audit report in a separate and numbered appendix
- 7) Photographs should be added to the checklist and/or as an annex

GLOSSARY

Organisation: the smallest production unit. Eg: harvesting, farming company or family operation.

EIA: Environmental Impact Assessment ILO: International Labour Organisation

SA8000: central document of our work at SAI (Social Accountability International). It is one of the world's first auditable social certification standards for decent workplaces, across all industrial sectors.

1 - MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

| No. | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments |
|-------|---|-----------|-----|----------|
| | These requirements apply to all harvesting operations and to those farming operations producing more than 20 tonnes per year. | | | |
| 1.1 | A sustainable seaweed organisation management system must include the following: | | | |
| 1.1.1 | a manager of the environmental and social management system, with formally defined authority and responsibilities; | Important | | |
| 1.1.2 | a set of written procedures to ensure compliance with the requirements of this checklist; | Important | | |
| 1.1.3 | a written record of non conformities and/or stakeholders' objections; | Important | | |
| 1.1.4 | a written record of corrective actions implemented as a consequence of 1.1.3; | Important | | |
| 1.1.5 | a yearly internal review report. | Important | | |
| 1.1.6 | Farming or fishing operations of less than 20 tonnes each per year, but more than 20 tonnes on a regional or national level, must be coordinated to ensure compliance with the requirements | Important | | |

| of this checklist. | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--------------|---|
| The Auditor must examine the procedures used by the C | rganisation and report the i | dentificatio | n number or code for the given procedure and database |

2 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE

| No. | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments |
|-------|--|----------------|-----|----------|
| 2.1 | Harvesting and farming activities supplying the organisation must be carried out in compliance with national and international legislation. | Essential | | |
| 2.1.1 | Farmers and harvesting suppliers of the organisation must have a valid administrative authorization or license, when requested by law. | Essential | | |
| 2.1.2 | Harvesting suppliers of the organisation must comply with quotas or maximum permissible harvesting limits, when requested by law. | Essential | | |
| 2.1.3 | Harvesting suppliers of the organisation must be compliant with minimum harvesting size limits, when requested by law. | Essential | | |
| 2.1.4 | Harvesting suppliers of the organisation must be compliant with rotational systems and stock recovery periods, when requested by law. | Essential | | |
| 2.1.5 | If seaweed is harvested from a shared or common harvest area, documentary evidence shall be available that the total harvest complies with national regulations, when in place. | Essential | | |
| 2.2 | The organisation must actively recommend national and international stakeholders to implement regulations to reduce potential environmental impact and risks of seaweed harvesting and farming, according to the best scientific data available. | Recommendation | | |

3 - BIOMASS AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

| No | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments |
|-----|---------------------------------|-----------|-----|----------|
| 3.1 | In case of seaweed harvesting | Essential | | |
| | activity, an assessment of the | | | |
| | status of the seaweed and its | | | |
| | biomass by appropriate research | | | |

| No | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments |
|----------|--|---|------------------------------|---|
| | institutes or other recognised institutions unconnected to any harvesting and/or processing industries must be undertaken and | | | |
| | it must conclude that the seaweed is not overexploited nor endangered. | | | |
| The aud | itor must make reference to the biomass studies (title | , date, author) | | |
| 3.2* | This requirement applies to all harvesting operations and to those farming operations producing more than 20 tonnes per year. An EIA or equivalent assessment of the harvesting or farming activity has been carried out with a positive outcome by the presiding | Essential | | |
| | authority or by other recognized independent institute or laboratory. | | | |
| and sign | itor must check whether an independent environmen | tal impact assessme document. *In case t | nt or equiva the Organisa | elent was carried out. The auditor must specify the title, date, author ation is not compliant for 3.1, it must alternatively be compliant to 3.2 |
| *3.3 | In case of non compliance with 3.2, farming activities producing more than 20 tonnes per year must alternatively be compliant with the following requirements: | | | |
| 3.3.1 | sea-based systems must not imply removal of rocks, corals or other obstructions leading to damage to the coastal ecosystem; | Essential | | |
| 3.3.2 | sea-based systems must not imply removal of competitive grasses or predators leading to damage to the coastal ecosystem; | Essential | | |
| 3.3.3 | large scale sea-based farms must not influence coastal water movement in a detrimental way. Protection from erosion or other positive impacts would not constitute a non-compliance with this requirement; | Essential | | |
| 3.3.4 | any multiuser conflict must have been solved positive and allow other users access to the sea and to the shore. | Essential | | |
| 3.3.5 | a careful assessment of potential impacts must precede the introduction of any non-native species. | Essential | | |
| 3.3.6 | removal of mangroves for farming purposes is prohibited. In case removal has occurred, a reforestation program must fully | Important | | |



| No | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments |
|-------|---|--------------------|--------------|--|
| | compensate the mangroves degradation occurred and caused by the seaweed farming activity. | | | |
| 3.3.7 | carrying capacity must have been independently evaluated, considering in particular the potential impact of nutrients removal. | Important | | |
| | | | | ficial documents to be annexed to the audit report) of the rthe site has lead to a negative impact on the ecosystem. |
| 3.4 | In case of farming operations of less than 20 tonnes each per year, but more than 20 tonnes on a regional or national level, a regional or national level independent assessment must prove compliance with requirements 3.3 and sub. The study cannot be older than 5 years. | Important | | |
| | itor must make reference to the regional or nation / report evidence of compliance. | al level assessmen | t. The audit | or must run sample onsite checks at small scale producers and |

4 - WATER MONITORING

| No | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments |
|---------|---|--|--------------|--|
| 4.1 | In farming facilities on land (pond farming) where external nutrient sources are used and producing more than 20 tonnes per year, the nutrient levels in the effluent water shall be verifiably the same, or lower, than the inflowing water. | | | |
| | Compliance with this requirement will be proved via independent laboratory analysis carried out at least annually, showing a non-significant variation of the following parameters: | | | |
| 4.1.1 | communities of benthic macro invertebrates; | Essential | | |
| 4.1.2 | nitrogen and phosphorus content; | Essential | | |
| 4.1.3 | oxygen concentration; | Essential | | |
| 4.1.4 | increase of sedimentation and the granulometric variation; | Essential | | |
| 4.1.5 | deposits of organic matter. | Essential | | |
| The Aud | I itor must examine the procedure relating to the freque litor must examine previous annual analyses of water | ency and method of n and sediments. | nonitoring a | nd shall record the number of the procedure and the relative manual. |
| 4.2 | In case of farming operations of less than 20 tonnes each per year, but more than 20 tonnes | Essential | | |

| on a regional or national level, a regional or national level independent assessment must prove compliance with requirements 4.1 and sub. The study cannot be older than 5 years. The auditor must make reference to the regional or nation produce / report evidence of compliance. | al level assessment | . The audit | or must run sample onsite checks at small scale producers and |
|---|---------------------|-------------|---|
| 4.3 Seaweed processing facilities and the organisation itself must provide evidence of water effluents compliance with existing regulation. | Essential | omissions | rogulations |
| The auditor must report evidence of legal compliance wit | n water quality and | ennosions | regulations |

5 - AIR EMISSIONS MONITORING

| No | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments | |
|---------|---|-----------|-----|----------|--|
| 5.1 | Seaweed processing facilities and | Essential | | | |
| | the organisation itself must provide | | | | |
| | evidence of its air emissions | | | | |
| | compliance with existing | | | | |
| | regulation. | | | | |
| The aud | The auditor must report evidence of legal compliance with air quality and emissions regulations | | | | |

6 - WASTE MANAGEMENT

| 6.1 Ropes and other equipment used for growing and processing seaweed shall be re-used or recycled where possible. The Auditor should provide documental and photographic evidence of compliance. 6.2 Seaweed processing facilities and the organisation itself must provide evidence of waste management compliance with existing regulation. | No | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments | | |
|--|----------|--|-----------|-----|----------|--|--|
| 6.2 Seaweed processing facilities and the organisation itself must provide evidence of waste management compliance with existing | 6.1 | for growing and processing seaweed shall be re-used or | Important | | | | |
| the organisation itself must provide evidence of waste management compliance with existing | The Audi | The Auditor should provide documental and photographic evidence of compliance. | | | | | |
| 1 og ansattern | 6.2 | the organisation itself must provide evidence of waste management | Essential | | | | |

7 - CHEMICALS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

| No | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments |
|-----|---|-----------|-----|----------|
| 7.1 | The use of toxic and persistent chemical compounds (e.g. TBTs, Malachite Green, DDT) is not permitted. The use of hazardous substances must be carried out in compliance with safety regulations. | Essential | | |

| 7.2 | Use of chemicals, such as Formaldehyde and slaked lime is permitted only when an independent assessment has proved their impact on the environmental to be sustainable. | Essential | | | | |
|-----|--|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| 7.3 | Bio-fouling organisms shall be removed only by physical means or by hand and where appropriate returned to the sea at a distance from the farm. Cleaning of equipment and facilities shall be carried out by physical or mechanical measures. | Essential | | | | |
| | The Auditor must examine the procedures for the use of chemicals and hazardous substances and indicate the number of the procedure. In addition the Auditor must also verify their conformity during the inspection. | | | | | |

8 - ENERGY MANAGEMENT

| No | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments | | |
|-----------|---|-----------------|-----|----------|--|--|
| 8.1 | The organisation must maintain a record of energy consumption updated at least annually. | Important | | | | |
| 8.2 | The organisation should calculate its non renewable energy consumption per unit of product and undertake to reduce it annually. | Recommen dation | | | | |
| 8.3 | The organisation and its suppliers shall, by preference, use renewable energy sources. | Recommen dation | | | | |
| The Audit | The Auditor must obtain copies of the records. | | | | | |

9 - SOCIAL ACCOUNTABILITY

| No | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments |
|-------|--|-----------|-----|----------|
| 9.1 | The Organisation must respect human rights by conforming to the following requirements. | | | |
| 9.1.1 | ILO Co10 Minimum Age in Agriculture: "Article 1 Children under the age of fourteen years may not be employed or work in any public or private agricultural undertaking, or in any branch thereof, save outside the hours fixed for school attendance. If they are employed outside the hours of school attendance, the employment shall not be such as to prejudice their attendance | Essential | | |

| | T | | | |
|------------|---|----------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| | at school." | | | |
| 9.1.2 | Children employment in compliance with 9.1.1., cannot imply work which is mentally, physically, socially or morally dangerous and harmful to children. | Essential | | |
| 9.1.3 | The Organisation must remunerate workers with salaries conforming at least to the legal minimum | Essential | | |
| 9.1.4 | The Organisation must assure workers' access to medical care | Essential | | |
| 9.1.5 | The Organisation must apply safety measures in accordance with legal requirements | Essential | | |
| 9.2 | The organisation should be SA8000 certified | Recommendation | | |
| The Audito | or must check conformity to requirements via doc | umental evidence (examples | of labour co | ontracts) and on site observations |
| 9.3 | In case of farming operations of less than 20 tonnes each per year, but more than 20 tonnes on a regional or national level, a regional or national level independent assessment must prove compliance with requirements 9.1 and sub. The study cannot be older than 5 years. In case of family owned activities, requirements 9.1.3, 9.1.4 and 9.1.5 do not apply. | Essential | | |

10 - TRACEABILITY

| No | Requirement | Level | Y/N | Comments |
|------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----|----------|
| 10.1 | The enterprise must have a | Essential | | |
| | system that allows verification | | | |
| | that certified products originate | | | |
| | from approved installations and | | | |
| | that there is no possibility of | | | |
| | interchange or mixing with | | | |
| | products from non-approved | | | |
| | installations. | | | |

| Additional comments: | | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |



CONCLUSIONS: It is important that the Auditor also completes the following fields The Organisation's products CONFORM to Friend of the Sea requirements. The Organisation's products DO NOT CONFORM to Friend of the Sea requirements. The Auditor has found the following nonconformities: MAJOR NONCONFORMITY (to conform within 3 months) Specify MINOR NONCONFORMITY (proposal within 3 weeks and conformity within 1 year) Specify RECOMMENDATIONS (notification before the subsequent inspection) Specify